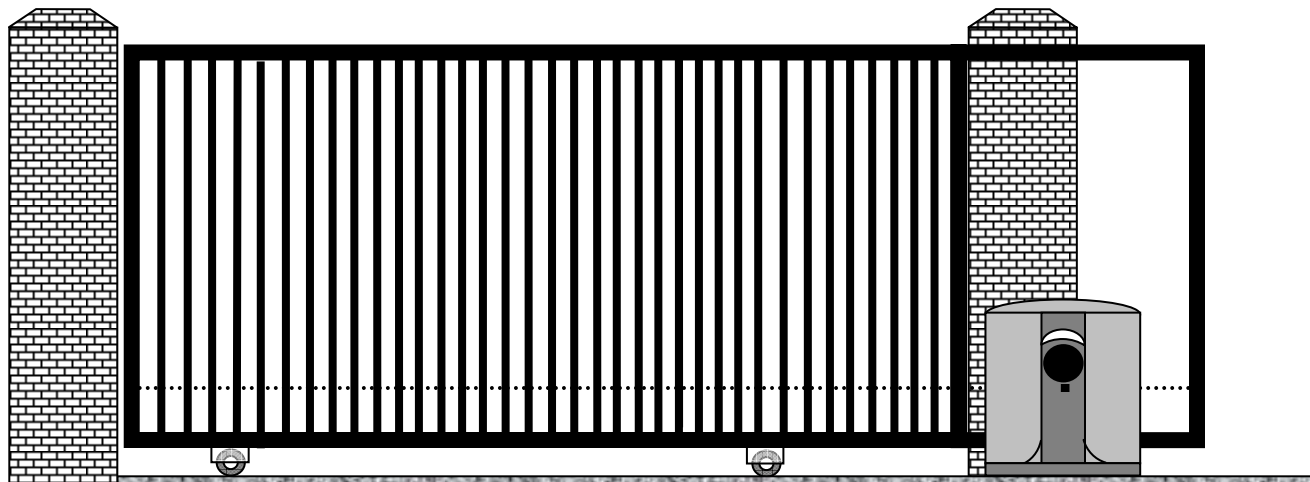


PATRIOT RSL

*High Quality Low Voltage
Vehicular Slide Gate Operator
Solar or AC Charged*



PATRIOT RSL Slide Gate Operator

Installation/Owners Manual



PROUDLY MADE IN THE USA

www.usautomatic.com



INTRODUCTION

This operator is intended to be installed on vehicular Class I or Class II gates as defined by UL-325. Maximum gate load should not to exceed 600 pounds.

PLEASE READ THIS ENTIRE MANUAL CAREFULLY PRIOR TO INSTALLATION. In doing so, along with performing the installation in step-by-step order, you will achieve optimal results. We strongly recommend that all installation and service personnel pay particularly close attention to the safety systems section of this manual and UL-325. In addition to the current sense feature that is provided, other safety devices are necessary to make each particular installation as safe as possible to reduce the risk of personal injury and/or property damage. A trained and authorized service technician or the factory should be consulted for assistance.

Cautions - Very Important

- Do not attempt to enter the gate area while the gate is moving. Wait until the gate comes to a complete stop.
- Operate the gate only when it is fully visible, free of persons or obstructions, and properly adjusted.
- Do not allow children to play in the area of the gate. Do not allow anyone to ride on the gate.
- Do not allow children to play with the remote/transmitter control or any other activation device.
- Do not attempt to "beat the gate" while the gate is opening or closing. This is extremely dangerous.
- Test the current sense feature and all safety devices regularly to insure correct operation.
- Study the entire Safety Section, paying particularly close attention to the Entrapment zones on page 20-22 and be aware of these areas not only during use but also during any adjustments to the unit.
- Modifying the AC charger power cord will void the charger warranty.

Other Safety Standards

- All control stations should be located at least 6 feet from any moving part of the gate or operator.
- Do not ever install any control device where a user will be tempted to reach through the gate or fence to activate a gate.

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GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

General hand tools such as wrenches [7/16, 3/4], tape measure, level, clamps, chain cutter, etc. are required. Your particular installation may require a drill, welder or other hardware not provided. Concrete pad mounting or post mounting by a qualified installer is the recommended method of securing the operator.

BATTERY REQUIRED FOR OPERATION (NOT INCLUDED).

We recommend a 12-volt deep cycle gel or AGM battery (33-amp hour minimum). The cable harness supplied with the operator is designed for bolt type battery post found on most marine batteries.

IMPORTANT CAUTIONS:

1. Do not test or operate this unit without first ensuring that all hardware is correctly installed, limit nuts are securely locked in place with the limit locking plate and all objects are clear of sprockets and chain.
2. Do not perform any welding with the control board or the battery connected. Serious damage to the control board and/or battery can occur if attempted.
3. Loose clothing can get caught in chain and sprockets resulting in bodily harm.

GATE QUALIFICATIONS/APPLICATIONS

GATE LENGTH/WEIGHT

This gate operator is rated for vehicular class I or class II slide gates up to 24 feet in length and up to 600 pounds in weight as defined by UL-325. If your gate exceeds either one of these limits, please consult a qualified technician or the factory for alternative solutions.

Note: High quality rollers with bearings will allow your gate to operate with minimal drag (minimal friction) and will decrease the load on the gate operator. Many type of slide gate designs exist. Choose a design that will decrease friction and required torque.

GATE CYCLES PER DAY

Cycles per day will vary depending on the installation. Factors to consider are expected number of cycles per day, accessories that are connected to the operator and length of gate travel. Solar friendly accessories will help maximize the number of cycles per day. Solar charged systems should not exceed 15 complete open/close cycles per day without additional solar panels. This gate operator, whether AC or Solar charged, should never be used in applications which exceed 100 complete open/close cycles per day. Holding the gate open can decrease cycles during high cycle time periods. If more cycles are required, a high traffic gate opener should be used. For help determining number of cycles possible per day contact the factory for detailed information.

IMPORTANCE OF A PROPERLY DESIGNED GATE

As a general rule, a gate which is to be automatically operated must be stronger and smoother than one which will be manually operated. Since the gate is a major component of the system, great care and concern must be given to the gate design.

A GATE OPERATOR CANNOT OVERCOME A POORLY DESIGNED GATE

- a) Does the gate slide smoothly without binds or excessive resistance? Slide gates should slide level and plumb, if possible, to prevent the operator from having to pull the gate up or down grade when opening or closing. Low quality wheels and rollers usually create drag, which will cause operator problems.

The use of high quality bearing wheels and rollers are highly recommended.

- b) Is the gate frame of substantial strength without excessive weight?
c) Will the frame withstand normal wind load conditions without sway or vibration?
d) Will the gate hit the catch correctly without being hand-guided or pushed into the catch?
e) Are the bearings / wheels suited for the number of cycles expected per day?
f) Is the track area designed to keep dirt and rocks from obstructing the gate movement?

If any of these problems exist, they must be corrected to achieve a reliable automatic gate system.

MOUNTING SITE REVIEW

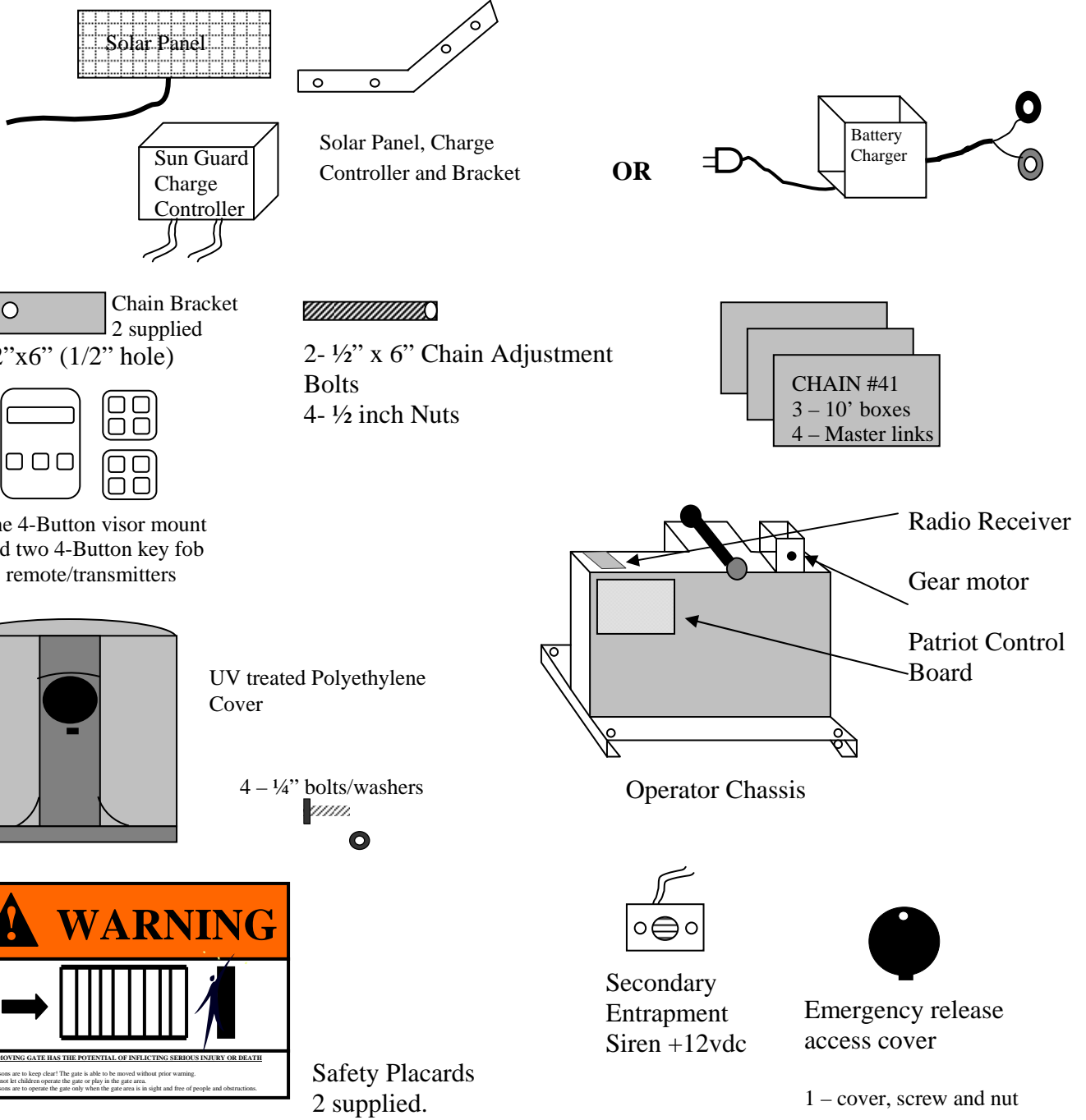
Installers should ask themselves these questions prior to installation and predetermine the solution to any problems which may occur.

- a) Does sufficient space exist for mounting and future servicing of the operator?
b) *Will the unit open the gate by sliding to the left or the right? See note below.
c) How will the chain brackets attach to the gate?
d) How will the operator be mounted (on a pad or on a post)?
e) How will the charging unit (AC or Solar) be brought to the control box?
f) If solar charged, how and where will the solar panel mount so optimum sunlight is received?
g) How will control wiring, if any, be brought to the control box?
h) Have all safety concerns been addressed? (See Safety Section Pgs. 18-22)

NOTE: *Standing on the inside of the property looking out, an operator installed to the left of the drive is a left hand installation, an operator installed to the right is a right hand installation.

PARTS INCLUDED

The Patriot RSL slide gate operator is shipped in two separate boxes. One box contains the operator chassis, emergency release access cover and the operator cover. The second box contains charging device (with bracket for solar), secondary entrapment siren, chain brackets, chain, transmitters (if radio equipped), chain adjustment bolts, the installation/user manual and safety placards.



- **Placards (Two supplied) should be visible from inside and outside of gate.**

NOTE: 12 Volt DC battery (33-amp hour minimum) required. (Not Included) Gel or AGM type recommended

Operator Illustration and Descriptions

TOP VIEW

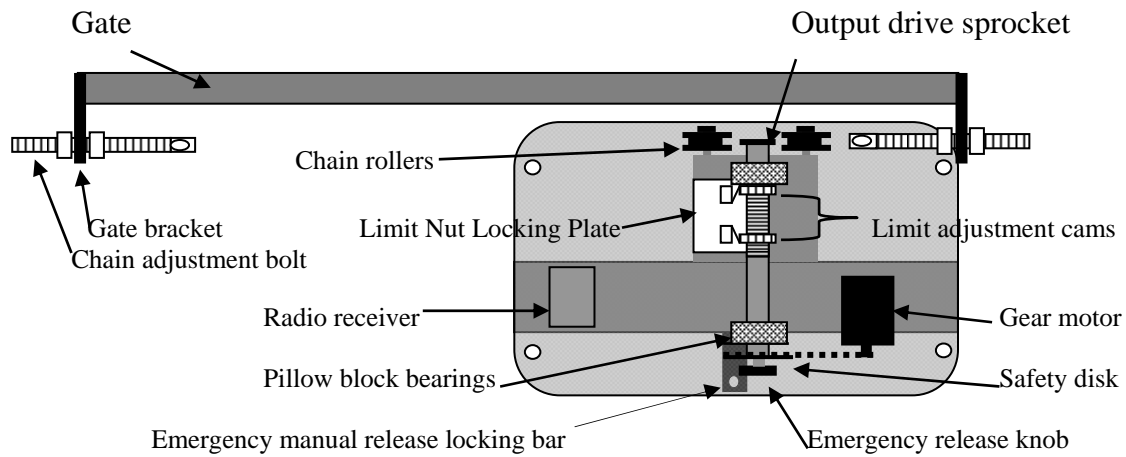


Illustration 1

FRONT VIEW

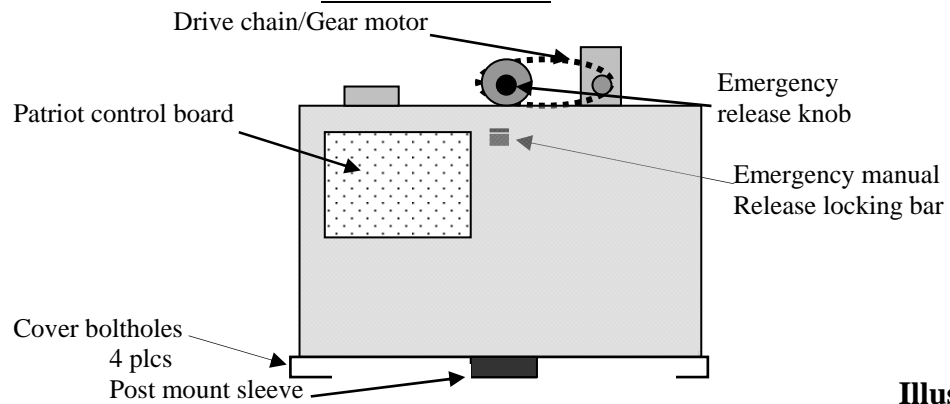


Illustration 2

REAR VIEW

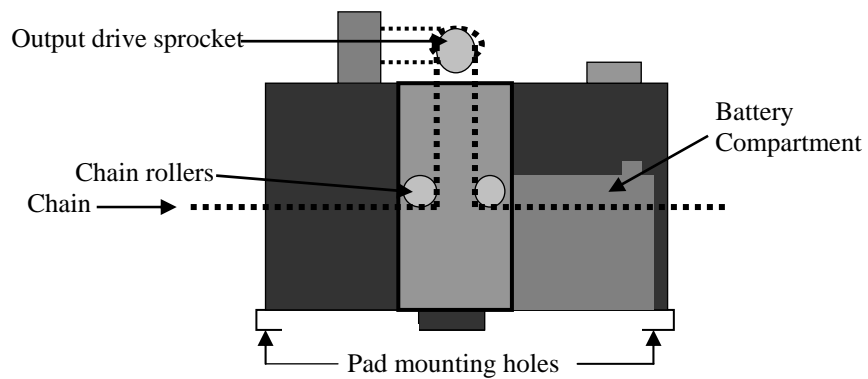
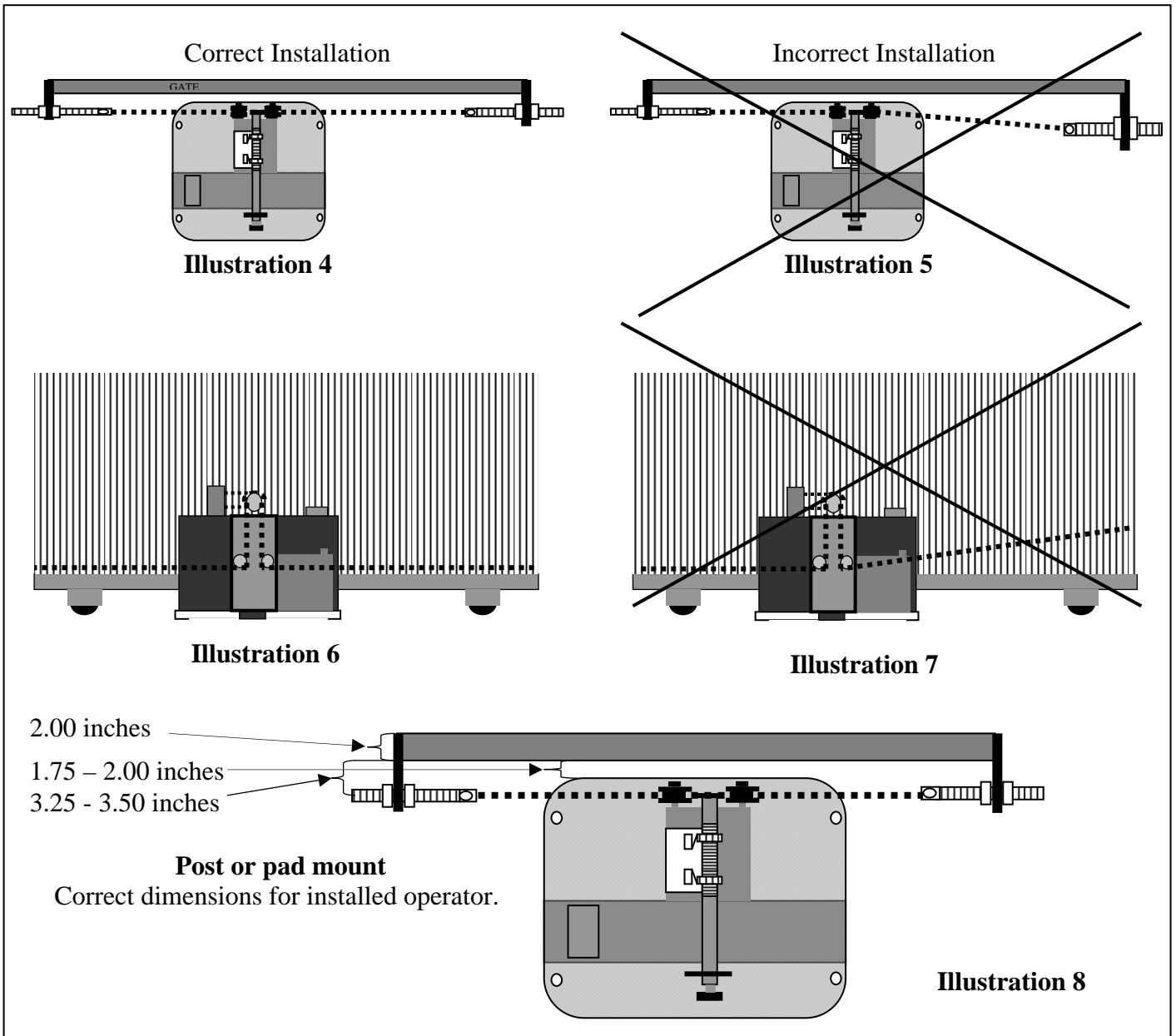


Illustration 3

Note: *USAutomatic is not responsible for failure to comply with UL-325 standards, local building codes or improper installations.*

Mounting Operator

NOTE: Do not mount in areas by automatic sprinklers, or in flood-prone areas. It is important that the control board, control devices, and the battery compartment remain dry.



Mounting Operator

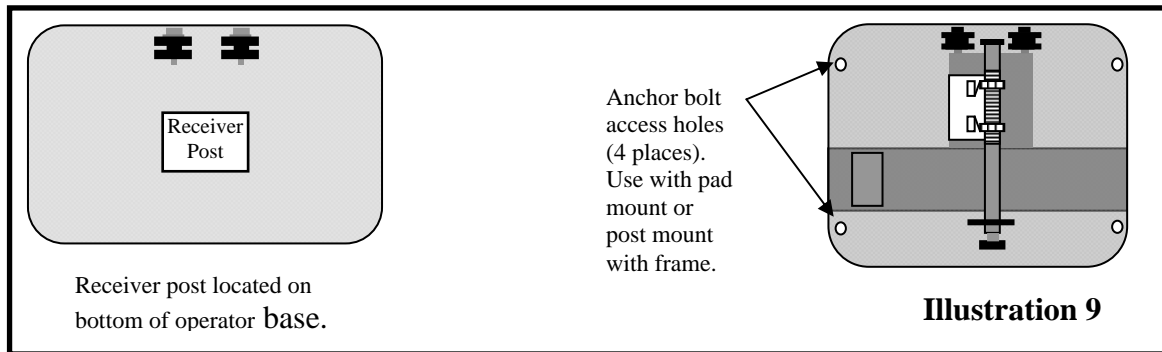
PAD MOUNT:

The operator base has four predrilled holes and four access holes, which are covered with press in hole plugs. These holes are sized to accommodate ½ anchor bolts and the plugged hole will accept a standard size ¾ inch socket. Keep the operator parallel with the gate while securing. See illustrations 9, 13 and 14 for dimensions.

POST MOUNT:

The operator base is equipped with a four-inch post receiver located on the bottom of the base. This receiver will accept a square or round four-inch post. Keep the operator parallel with the gate and level while securing in place. See illustration 10 for dimensions.

Set the operator in place (pad or post). Ensure that the chain bolts, once installed, will be properly aligned with the chain rollers. See illustrations 4 – 8. Once alignment is verified, secure operator in place using bolts for pad installation and welding for post installation. Keep the operator parallel with the gate while securing in place.



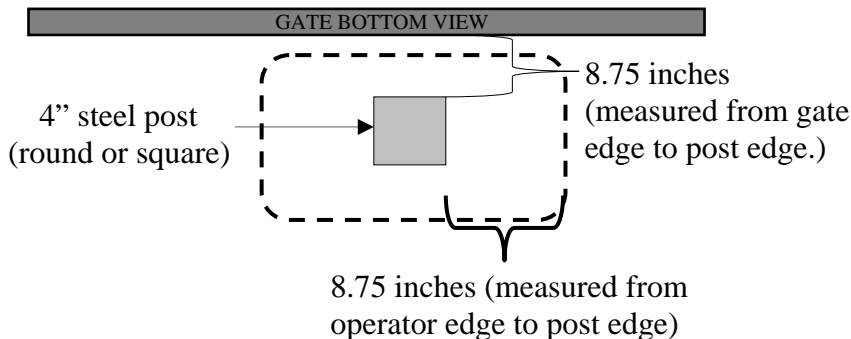
NOTE: Regardless of mounting method, ensure that operator base does not extend into the driveway area, where damage from traffic could occur.

STEP 1 Post Mount Installation

POST SPECIFICATIONS

Steel post is an optional mounting method. The operator is designed to handle a 4-inch round or square thick wall post. The operator can be installed directly onto the post or a steel frame can be constructed on the top of post. If the method chosen is to construct a frame see dimensions in pad mount section (Illustrations 13,14) for bolt locations and size. If the direct post mount option is chosen, use the dimensions that follow to install. Also consider that additional bracing might be needed.

POST LOCATION TO GATE EDGE AND HOLE PREPARATION



When determining post location, ensure that the operator's outer edge is a safe distance away from the drive to avoid damage from traffic. See illustration 13 for operator base overall dimensions.

Illustration 10

Post must be parallel to gate edge. Hole depth should be at least 36 inches and bell shaped to reduce operator movement to a minimum. **The post must be concreted in place.**

NOTE: Remember to mount the operator high enough above ground level so that the post and operator can be welded securely.

STEP 1 Pad Mount Installation

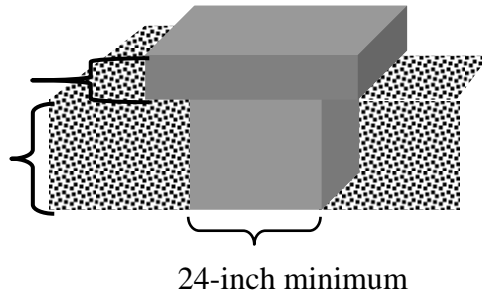
CONCRETE PAD CONSTRUCTION

The mounting foundation must be very stable and of sufficient strength to prevent any movement. Mounting site must be clear of flooding.

Cross Section View

4-inch minimum

24-inch minimum



24-inch minimum

Illustration 11

TOP VIEW PAD

20" MINIMUM

28" MINIMUM

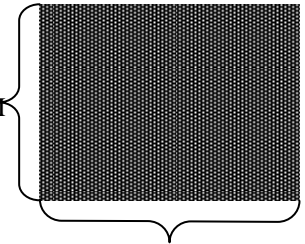
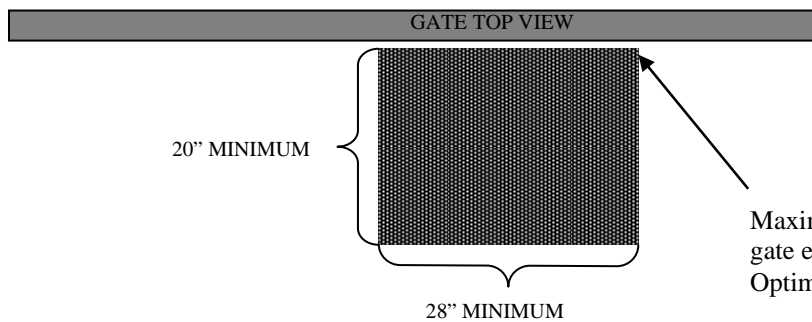


Illustration 12

Illustration shown is for dirt surface area. Surface areas of different material may require different pad dimensions.

CONCRETE PAD LOCATION TO GATE



20" MINIMUM

28" MINIMUM

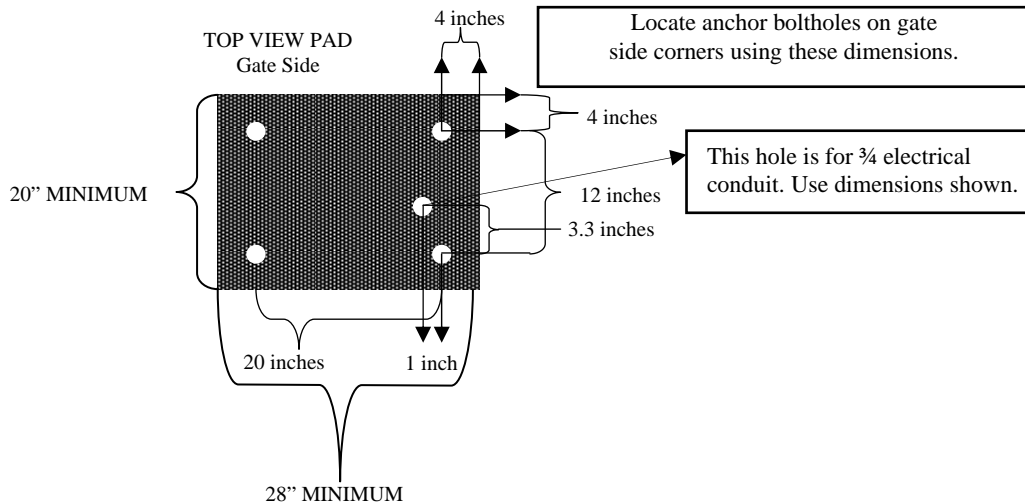
Maximum Distance between gate edge and pad edge 2.0"
Optimum 1.75"

When determining pad location, ensure that the operator's outer edge is a safe distance away from the driveway to avoid damage from traffic.

Illustration 13

CONCRETE PAD ANCHOR BOLT LOCATION

Concrete pad top view measures 20" x 28". This allows for 4" of concrete between the anchor bolts and the outer edge of the pad. Use the drawing below to locate the four anchor bolts.



20" MINIMUM

TOP VIEW PAD
Gate Side

4 inches

Locate anchor boltholes on gate side corners using these dimensions.

4 inches

This hole is for 3/4 electrical conduit. Use dimensions shown.

12 inches

3.3 inches

20 inches

1 inch

28" MINIMUM

Illustration 14

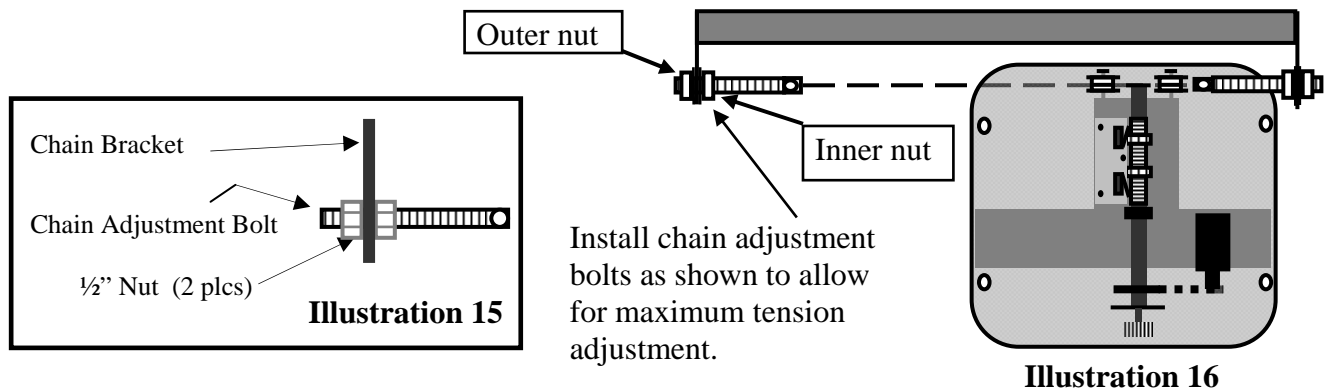
Note: USAutomatic is not responsible for failure to comply with UL-325 standards, local building codes or improper installations.

STEP 2 Mounting of Chain Brackets to Gate

With the operator securely mounted, use the following procedure to locate and install gate brackets to gate ends.

1. Install the chain adjustment bolt into the chain bracket as shown in illustration 15 below.
2. Slide the gate fully open. Using the diagram below locate the correct position for the gate bracket. Clamp the bracket in place and repeat for gate in the fully closed position. Before welding gate brackets in place, refer to illustrations 4 – 8 to ensure correct installation. Once alignment is correct, weld chain brackets in place.

TOP VIEW (GATE FRAME 2'')



STEP 3 Connecting Chain

Using the master links supplied connect one end of chain to one of the chain adjustment bolts. Use additional master links to connect chain together as needed to route chain through the operator (See Illustration 3 & 16).

In most installations, the chain will have to be cut to the desired length. To determine the desired chain length, loosen the chain adjustment bolts to allow for maximum adjustment (illustration 15). Pull the emergency release knob to allow the chain to roll freely through the operator. Pull the chain to mate up with the remaining chain adjustment bolt and mark link that needs to be cut. Once link is cut, install master link and connect to chain adjustment bolt.

CHAIN TENSION ADJUSTMENT

The outer 1/2" nut on the chain adjustment bolt adjusts chain tension. It is important not to over tighten the chain or premature wear will result. It is also important not to allow the chain to be too loose. Once the chain tension is correct, secure the inner 1/2 inch nut by tightening it against the chain bracket. The chain will have a few inches of drop across the span of the gate when correct.

GATE POSITION BEFORE OPERATING

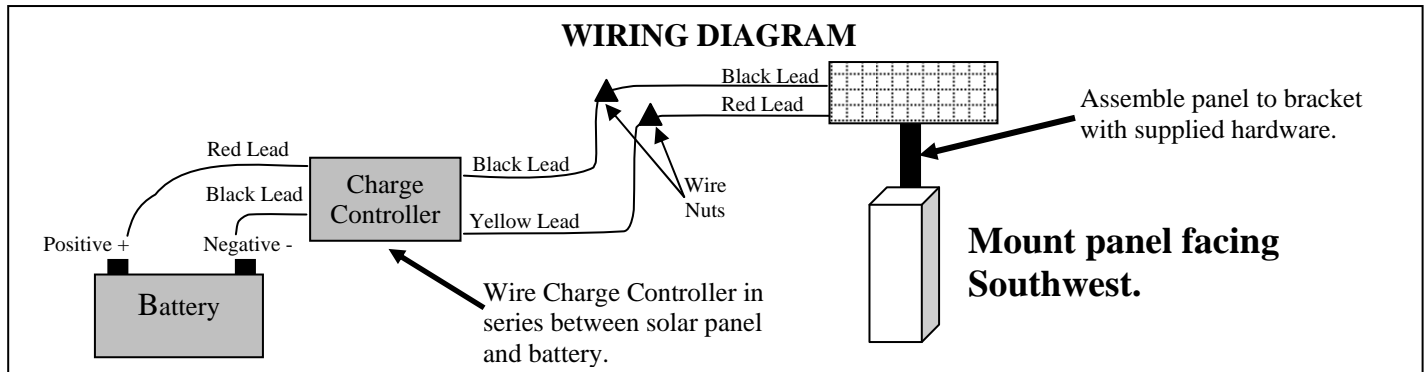
After the chain is connected to the gate, verify that the gate rolls freely from the fully open position to the fully closed position. If any friction points exist, they must be corrected. Open the gate to the center position and push the emergency release knob back in place. It might be necessary to roll the gate while pushing the knob back in place.

NOTE: The gate must be in the center position (half open) at this time.

STEP 4 Installation of Charging Source

SOLAR PANEL AND SOLAR CHARGE CONTROLLER

Locate and mount the solar panel bracket so that the panel faces southwest and maintains the preformed 45-degree angle. The standard cable is 15' in length and must feed in through the bottom of the control box. Pay attention to the distance when determining your mounting location. Although the cable can be extended with watertight connectors, charging power is diminished. Sometimes it is necessary to locate the panel farther away to achieve optimum sunlight, but consider that optimum sunlight might not mean optimum charging if the distance is too great. Use #16 gauge wire or larger and keep length as short as possible.



Note: Avoid shaded areas if possible. Panels should face southwest for optimum charging. See explanation above for details.

AC CHARGER

Locate and install the AC battery charger inside the operator chassis. A hole has been pre-punched for conduit in the base of the operator (Illustration 14 page 9). The charger requires a receptacle for 110-volt AC supply; recommended location is above the pre-punched hole. A licensed electrician should install the receptacle per local building codes.

Modifying the charger power cord will void the charger warranty.

Note: USAutomatic recommends an AC surge protector on all 110-volt AC installations, especially in lightning prone areas.

STEP 5 Control Board Dipswitch Setting Verification

NOTE: This check must be performed before operating the gate for the first time. Failure to do so may damage the gate operator.

Before operating the gate, make sure the Patriot control board dipswitches are set correctly for your installation.

Locate the dipswitches on the Patriot Control board (see page 16).

Factory default dipswitch settings are both 2 and 3 on with an operator installed on right side of drive viewed from inside the property looking out.

Identify your installation below and verify dipswitch settings:

While standing inside the property, looking out, is the operator on the right or left side of the driveway?

Patriot I (Left hand installation)

Dipswitches 2, 3 & 9 should be in the on position.

Patriot I (Right hand installation)

Dipswitches 2 & 3 should be in the on position.

NOTE: Left Hand Installations Only: (operator on left side of drive while looking out)

Left hand installations do not require rewiring the harnesses. The Patriot control board dipswitch 9 eliminates the need to do this. Failure to turn dipswitch 9 on will cause improper gate operation. Verify your installation type and verify dipswitch settings.

NOTE: When dipswitch 9 is on, the Limit LED's below the actuator plug on the control board will show open limit when the gate is closed and closed limit when the gate is open. This is normal.

Step 6 Current Sense Adjustment

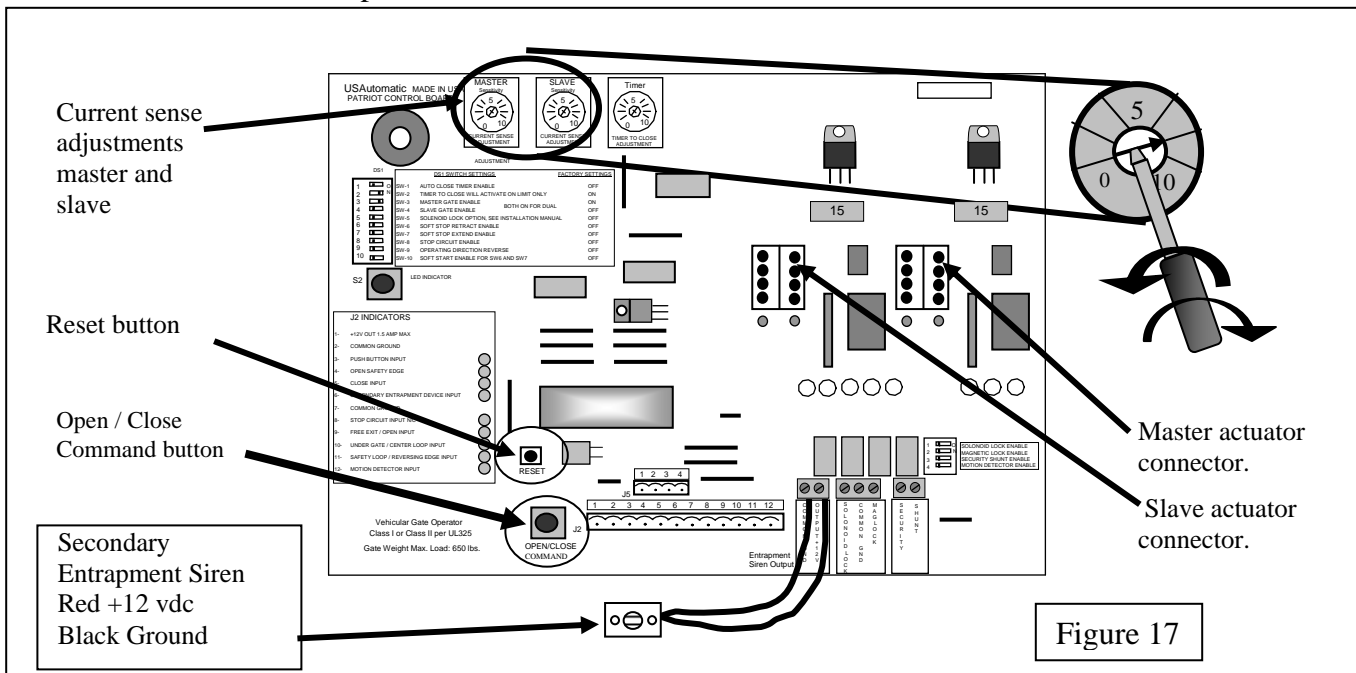
The control board has two current sense adjustments: MASTER and SLAVE (see Figure 17). Dual gates will require adjustment of both. Adjust sensitivity so that the gate force required to sense an obstruction and reverse direction is at the desired level.

Remember, if the gate reverses direction when operating, without contacting an obstruction, then minimizing sensitivity (increase force) may be required. Do not increase more than necessary.

The adjustment has a maximum rotation of 1 turn, beginning at 0 and ending at 10. The factory setting is around number 3. Do not force the adjustment past the stop points.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

Locate the current sense adjustments below. Notice that there are two adjustments: MASTER and SLAVE. We intentionally set the sensors at a highly sensitive setting. This may need to be adjusted to achieve gate movement without tripping the sensitivity circuit and causing the gate to reverse direction. If the gate reverses direction twice and then stops, the control board will need to be reset.



STEP 7 Connecting Control Board / Battery to the Wiring Harness

Verify that the wiring harness is not connected to the control board. Install the battery into the backside of the operator. Connect the wiring harness red wire to the positive post of the battery and the black wire to the negative post of the battery. Connect the wiring harness to the Master connector on the control board.

STEP 8 Operating the Gate (Keep hands away from moving parts)

Verify that the gate is in the half open position and no objects are in the path of the gate.

Locate the “Open / Close Command” pushbutton on the Patriot control board. This will be used to operate the gate. If you press the “Open/Close Command pushbutton while the gate is in motion, the gate will stop.

Press the “Open / Close Command” pushbutton to operate the gate. Gate should travel in the open direction if all settings are correct. If gate reverses direction a current sense adjustment must be made (see step 6 above).

Once current sense adjustment is made, press the “Open / Close Command” button again.

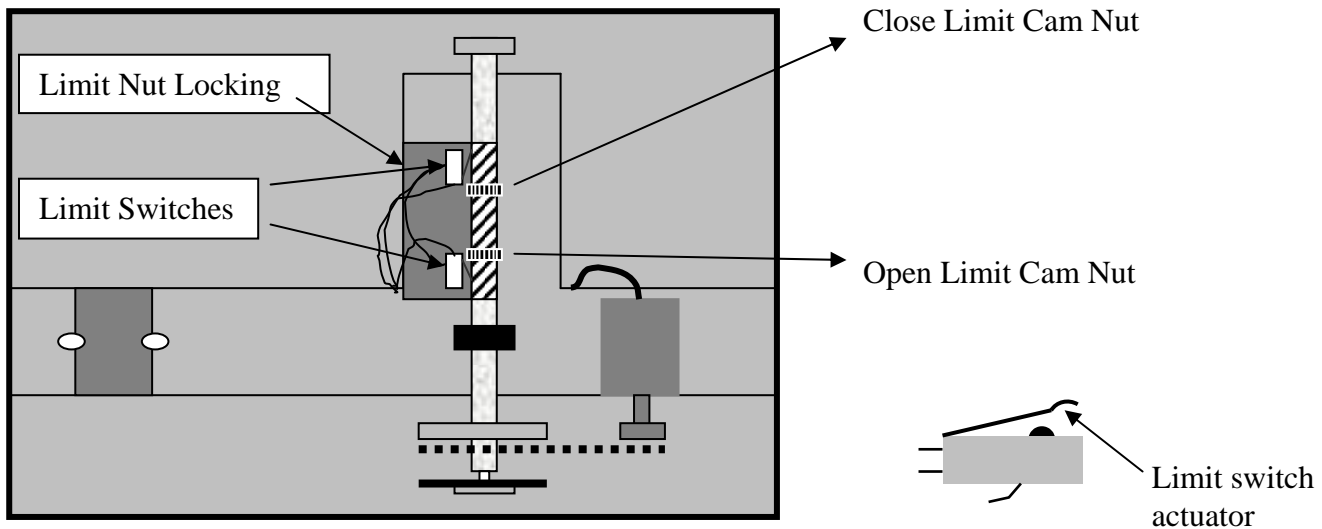
If gate travels past the desired stop position, adjust the limit switches. See the instructions below.

LIMIT SWITCHES

The limit switch adjustments are located on the top shelf of the operator. Remove the cover from the operator to make adjustments. The normal settings from the factory allow for about 15 feet of travel. You will most likely have to adjust the limits for your installation. To adjust limits, press down on the limit plate assembly. This will release the limit plate from the limit adjustment cams and allow the cams to turn. Turn the limit adjustment cam which corresponds to the direction you want to adjust.

NOTE: WHEN THE LIMIT ADJUSTMENT CAM DEPRESSES THE LIMIT SWITCH ACTUATOR THE GATE WILL STOP.

Top view of the operator



NOTE: DO NOT ADJUST THE LIMIT CAM NUTS PAST THE LIMIT SWITCH ACTUATOR ARM. THIS MAY RESULT IN DAMAGE TO THE LIMIT SWITCH. ENSURE THE LIMIT PLATE ASSEMBLY SNAPS INTO THE GROOVES ON THE LIMIT CAM NUTS PRIOR TO RESUMING OPERATION.

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of injury, USAutomatic strongly recommends the installation of additional safety devices such as Photo Eye Sensors and Safety Edges. Consult an authorized installing dealer or the factory for a complete explanation of options and see the Safety Section of this manual on pages 18 to 22.

STEP 9 Making Final Adjustments

Once gate is operating correctly using the “Open / Close Command” pushbutton, it is time to setup the radio controls, transmitter and receiver. If your operator was supplied with the Oracle receiver, see page 33 for programming instructions. If your operator was supplied with the LCR radio controls, see page 35 for programming instructions. See instructions for your specific radio controls if others were provided.

If you have an understanding of the sensitivity feature, test the sensitivity by manually stopping the gate in mid travel. The sensitivity setting most likely will be around a 5 or 7 setting on the adjustment.

Operate the gate using the transmitter. The gate should stop in the desired position. If not, readjust the limit switches. If the transmitter is not operating or operating incorrectly, reprogram transmitter and receiver.

STEP 10 Installing Secondary Entrapment Siren (UL-325 requirement)

The secondary entrapment siren connects to the control board (Page 12, illustration 17). This siren is very loud and will be activated when the current sense circuit stops the gate twice prior to reaching a fully open or close limit. The siren will operate for 5 minutes before shutting off. The “Reset” button on the control board (Page 12, illustration 17) can be pushed to turn off the siren, and reset the control board. The control board must be reset using the “Reset” button in either case before the gate will operate..

STEP 11 Installing Safety Placards (UL-325 requirement)

Mount safety placards on gate. Two signs are provided. Place one sign on each side of the gate where it will be highly visible to anyone on either side of the gate.

STEP 12 Installing Cover

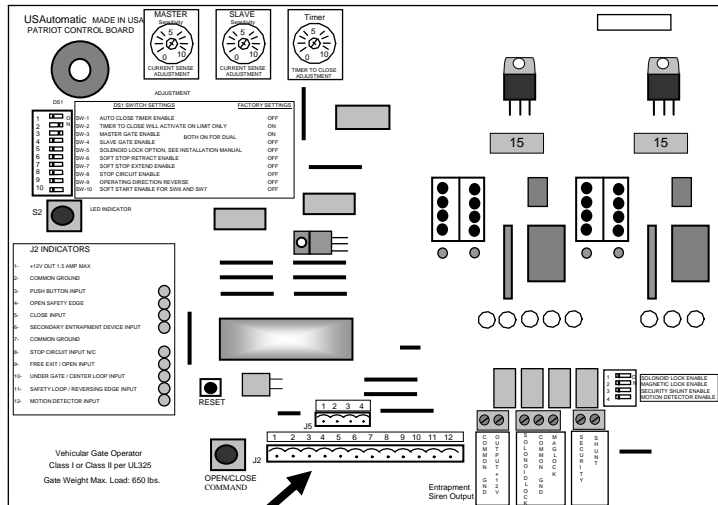
Locate the emergency release access cover (round cover with USAutomatic logo), the shoulder screw and nut. Install screw through emergency release access cover and install onto the outside of the operator cover using the supplied nut. Tighten nut securely.

Place the cover over the operator with the emergency release knob visible through the access hole. Secure in place using the 4 – ¼” bolts and flat washers supplied. Slide the locking bar through slot cut below access hole and secure to emergency manual release access cover, using a lock.

NOTE: *USAutomatic strongly recommends the Emergency manual release access cover be securely locked in place using the locking bar and pad lock (pad lock not supplied)*

Circuit Board & Terminal Description

Patriot Control Board

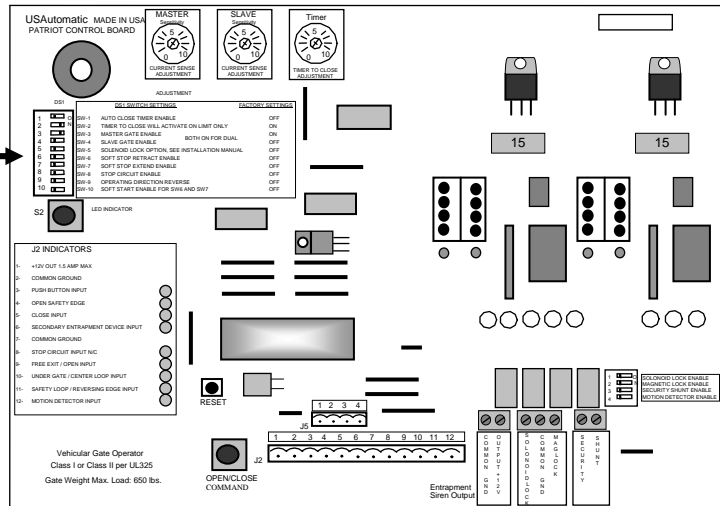


The Accessory connector is a plug, which can be removed from the control board for ease of wiring and troubleshooting purposes. Place finger below connector and pull out to remove.

TERMINAL DESCRIPTION

- 1** + 12 volt DC Output.
*Maximum current output 1.5 amp (1500 milliamps)
- 2** **Common Ground Input**
- 3** **Push Button Input.** (normally open contacts)
Push button, radio control, keypad, etc.
- 4** **Open Safety Edge** (normally open contacts)
(Stops gate while opening)
- 5** **Close Input** (normally open contacts)
- 6** **Secondary Entrapment Input** (normally open contacts)
- 7** **Common Ground Input**
- 8** **Stop Circuit Input** (normally closed contacts)
* DS1 switch #8 must be on for stop circuit function to be enabled.
- 9** **Free Exit/Open Input** (normally open contacts)
Loop input or any hold open input such as a 7-day timer, telephone access unit, or maintain contact switch (normally open contacts). These devices open the gate and will prevent the gate from closing if the contact is maintained. Once the contacts have been released, the gate can be closed with a closing signal device or the automatic close timer feature.
- 10** **Center Loop or Under Gate Loop Input** (normally open contacts)
- 11** **Safety Loop/Reversing Edge Input/Photo-Eye** (normally open contacts)
- 12** **Motion Detector Input** (normally open contacts)
(Stops a closed gate from opening)(Active on close limit only)

DS1 Programming Switches



Factory settings are shown in bold italic type

- 1 Automatic close timer enable
ON Timer to close is activated (Safety accessories recommended if turned on)
OFF *Timer to close is disabled*

 - 2 Timer to close will activate on limit only
ON *Timer to close activates only if open limit is activated*
OFF Timer to close works from any point the gate is stopped

 - 3 Master Gate Enable
ON *Master gate operator enabled to function*
OFF Master gate operator disabled

 - 4 Slave Gate Enabled
ON Slave gate operator enabled to function
OFF *Slave gate operator disabled*
- Both must be on for dual gate operation
- 5 Solenoid lock option
ON *In addition to solenoid lock DS2, outputs 12vdc when gate is moving*
OFF *Disables 12vdc output when gate is moving*

 - 6 Soft stop open enable (Right hand installation, if switch 9 is on then close enable)
ON Enables soft stop for open position
OFF *Disables soft stop for open position*

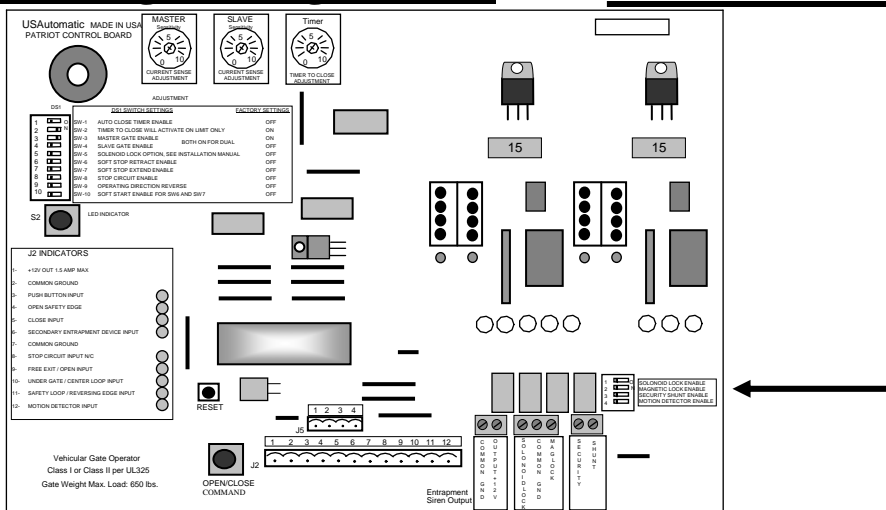
 - 7 Soft stop close enable (Right hand installation, if switch 9 is on then open enable)
ON Enables soft stop for extend position
OFF *Disables soft stop for extend position*

 - 8 Stop circuit enable
ON Allows for a stop button input to be utilized
 * a normally closed pushbutton is required
OFF *Disables the stop button function*

 - 9 Operating Direction Reverse
ON Left Hand Slider installation (See note bottom page 11)
OFF *Right Hand Slider Installation*

 - 10 Not used at this time
ON N/A
OFF N/A

DS2 Programming Switches



Factory settings are shown in bold italic type

- 1 Solenoid lock enable / Gate in operation indicator**

ON Solenoid lock output energizes half second before gate begins to move and remains energized until four seconds after reaching a limit (+12Vdc output 1.5 amp max)

OFF *Solenoid lock / gate in operation indicator is inactive*
- 2 Magnetic lock enable**

ON Magnetic lock relay is active and will release half second before gate begins to open (+12 vdc output 1.5 amp max)

OFF *Magnetic lock relay is inactive*
- 3 Security Shunt Circuit Enable / Open Gate Indicator**

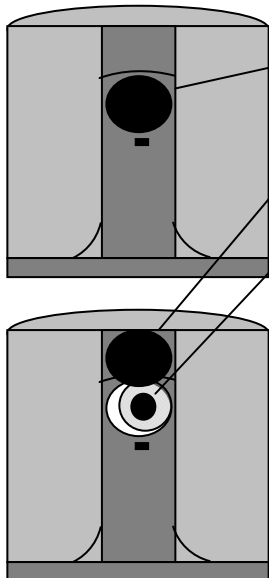
ON Security shunt circuit relay is active (closed circuit)(wire in parallel)

OFF *Security shunt circuit relay is inactive (open circuit)*
- 4 Motion Detector Enable**

ON Activates motion detector input (if input is activated gate will not open)

OFF *Disables motion detector input*

Emergency Manual Release



Emergency manual release cover
Remove lock and rotate emergency manual release cover to the up position.

Pull manual release knob out (about 3/4 inch)
Once knob has been pulled, the gate can then be pushed by hand.
If knob cannot be pulled, the gate may need to be agitated left or right.

To reset the knob, push in on knob and roll gate until knob snaps in place. It may be necessary to tap the knob inward to fully lock in place.

WARNING: Only insert hand into access hole as far as needed to grip the release knob.

Trying to insert hand farther can result in injury.

SAFETY SECTION

USAutomatic gate operators are certified to UL-325 Vehicular Class I and Class II slide gate standards.

UL325 identifies four different classes of gate operators. These classes are listed below:

- Class I:** Residential vehicular gate operator- a vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a home of one to four single family dwellings or a garage or parking area associated therewith.
- Class II:** Commercial/General access vehicular gate operator- a vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a commercial location or building such as multi-family housing unit (five or more single family units), hotel garages, retail store, or other buildings servicing the general public.
- Class III:** Industrial/Limited access vehicular gate operator- a vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in an industrial location or building such as a factory or loading dock area or other locations not intended to serve the general public.
- Class IV:** Restricted Access vehicular gate operator- a vehicular gate operator (or system) intended for use in a guarded industrial location or building such as an airport security area or other restricted access locations not servicing the general public, in which unauthorized access is prevented via supervision by security personnel.

The Patriot slide gate operator is designed and intended for use on Class I or Class II vehicular gate installations. The maximum load of each gate leaf should not exceed 600 pounds with a length not to exceed twenty-four feet.

SECONDARY ENTRAPMENT DEVICES

USAutomatic has designed all control boards with secondary entrapment device inputs and secondary safety devices must be installed with all installations. USAutomatic recommends the use of the following devices and has provided herein instructions for the connection of such devices. UL-325 compliant devices are recommended. This list does not contain all devices only the ones which have been tested and recommended at the time of printing.

NOTE: USAutomatic recommends that these devices be CONNECTED after proper gate installation and operation has been verified. Then connect one device and verify proper operation before installing the next device. Ensure that power is disconnected from the control board prior to connecting any wires to the control board.

Contact Safety Devices: Safety Edges (wireless)

Manufacturer - Miller Edge

Non-Contact Safety Device: Photo Eyes

Manufacturer – EMX Industries INC.

Entrapment Alarm Devices: Sirens

Manufacturer – USAutomatic

<u>Model</u>	<u>Description</u>
W12b-3	Piezoelectric siren, 108db +12vdc

This section needs a re-write. Do we continue recommending specific models? The first paragraph says "... and secondary safety devices must be installed with all installations." Is that valid??

NOTE: For information about installation or applications, consult factory

SAFETY SECTION

INSTALLATION

- a) Install the gate operator only when:
 - 1) The operator is appropriate for the construction of the gate and the usage class of the gate,
 - 2) All openings of a horizontal slide gate are guarded or screened from the bottom of the gate to a minimum of 4 feet (1.2m) above the ground to prevent a 2 ¼ inch (57.15mm) diameter sphere from passing through the openings anywhere in the gate, and in that portion of the adjacent fence that the gate covers in the open position,
 - 3) All exposed pinch points are eliminated or guarded, and
 - 4) Guarding is supplied for exposed rollers.
- b) Only install on vehicular gates. Pedestrians must be supplied with a separate access opening.
- c) The gate is installed in a location where enough space is supplied between adjacent structures and the gate so that when opening or closing the chance of entrapment is reduced.
- d) The gate must be properly installed and work freely in both directions prior to the installation of the gate operator. Do not minimize the sensitivity adjustment to compensate for an improper gate installation.
- e) Locate all controls at least six feet away from the gate to eliminate the chance of the person operating the gate from coming in contact with the moving gate. Do not install external buttons, which can be used to operate the gate within the reach of children.
- f) All placards must be installed, one on each side of the gate and be visible in the gate area.
- g) For gate operators utilizing a non-contact sensor:
 - 1) See instructions on the placement of non-contact sensors for each type of application,
 - 2) Care shall be exercised to reduce the risk of nuisance tripping, such as when a vehicle trips the sensor while the gate is moving, and
 - 3) One or more non-contact sensors shall be located where the risk of entrapment or obstruction exists, such as the perimeter reachable by a moving gate or barrier.
- h) For gate operators utilizing a contact sensor:
 - 1) One or more contact sensors shall be located at the leading edge, trailing edge, and post mounted both inside and outside of a vehicular horizontal slide gate.
 - 2) A hardwired contact sensor shall be located, and its wiring arranged, so that the communication between the sensor and the gate operator is not subjected to mechanical damage.
 - 3) A wireless contact sensor such as one that transmits radio frequency (RF) signals to the gate operator for entrapment protection functions shall be located where the transmission of the signals are not obstructed or impeded by building structures, natural landscaping or similar obstruction. A wireless contact sensor shall function under the intended end-use conditions.

WARNING: TO REDUCE THE RISK OF INJURY OR DEATH

1. **READ AND FOLLOW ALL INSTRUCTIONS**
2. **Never let children operate or play with gate controls. Keep remote/transmitter away from children.**
3. **Always keep people and objects away from the gate. NO ONE SHOULD CROSS THE PATH OF A MOVING GATE.**
4. **Test gate operator monthly. The gate must stop and reverse directions upon contacting a rigid object or when the secondary entrapment device is activated.**
5. **After all adjustments have been made to the limit switches, sensitivity (current sense) circuit, secondary entrapment devices and all other external devices installed the safety devices must be checked again. Failure to adjust and retest the gate operator can increase the risk of injury or death.**
6. **Verify that the emergency release (manual release) knob can be pulled easily. This should only be checked when power is disconnected from the operator.**
7. **KEEP GATES PROPERLY MAINTAINED. Read the user manual and have a qualified service technician make repairs to the gate hardware.**
8. **THE ENTRANCE IS TO BE USED BY VEHICLES ONLY. Pedestrians must use a separate entrance.**
9. **SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS**

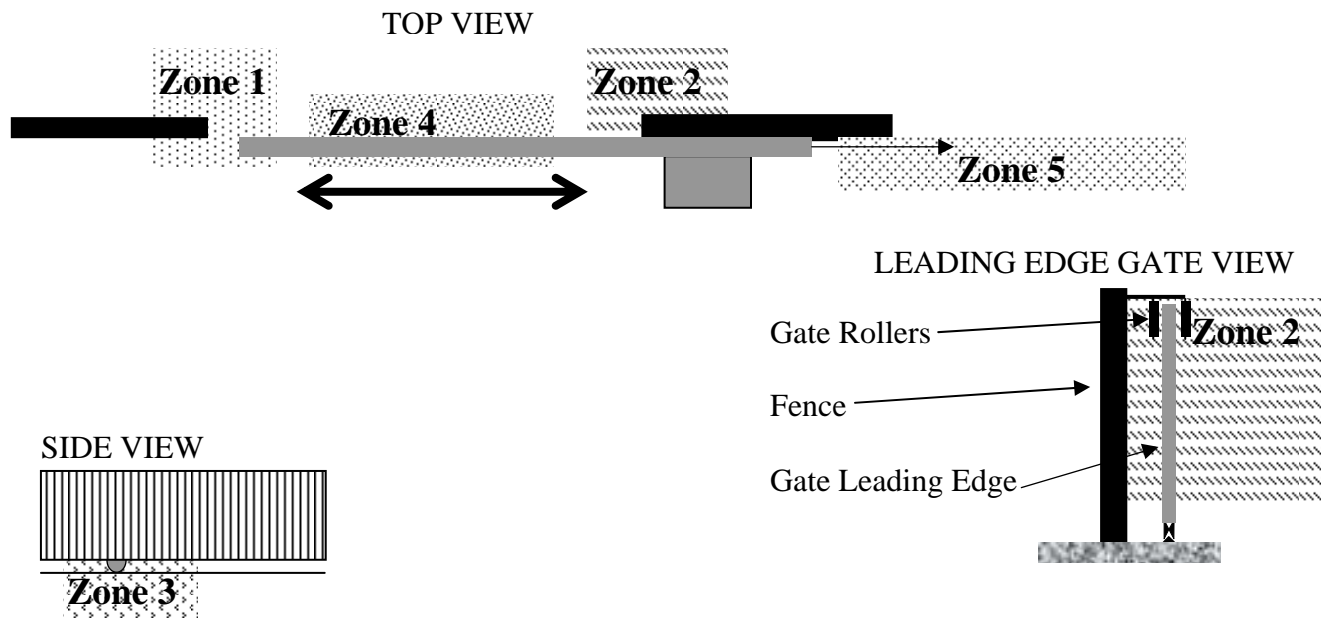
SAFETY SECTION

All safety features required by UL-325 and more are incorporated in the capabilities of all USAutomatic Control boards and should be utilized, including, but not limited to, safety edges, photo electric eyes, reverse sensing and motion sensing.

Cautions - Very Important

- Do not attempt to enter the gate area while the gate is moving. Wait until the gate comes to a complete stop.
- Operate the gate only when it is fully visible, free of persons or obstructions, and properly adjusted.
- Do not allow children to play in the area of the gate. Do not allow anyone to ride on the gate.
- Do not allow children to play with the remote/transmitter or any other activation device.
- Do not attempt to "beat the gate" while the gate is opening or closing. This is extremely dangerous.
- Test the current sense feature and all safety devices regularly to insure correct operation.
- Study this entire Safety Section paying particularly close attention to the entrapment zones shown below and be aware of these areas not only during use, but also during any adjustments to the unit.

ENTRAPMENT ZONES

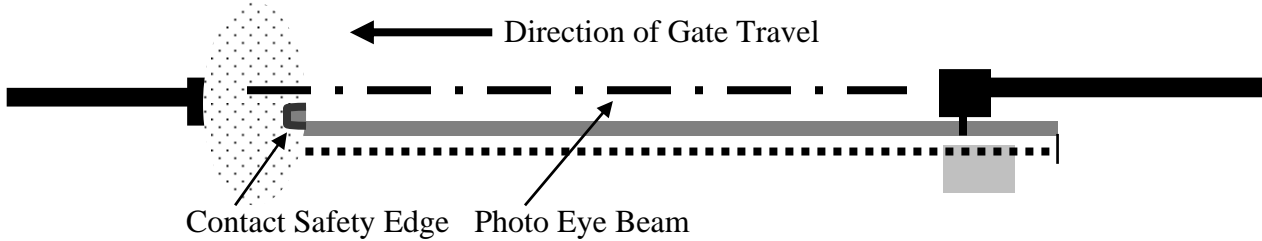


- Zone 1 The leading edge of the gate & fence post. _____
- Zone 2 Between the gate and fence pocket.
- Zone 3 The gate track and wheel.
- Zone 4 The path the gate travels across the drive. (traffic area)
- Zone 5 The path the gate travels when opening (back track gate area)

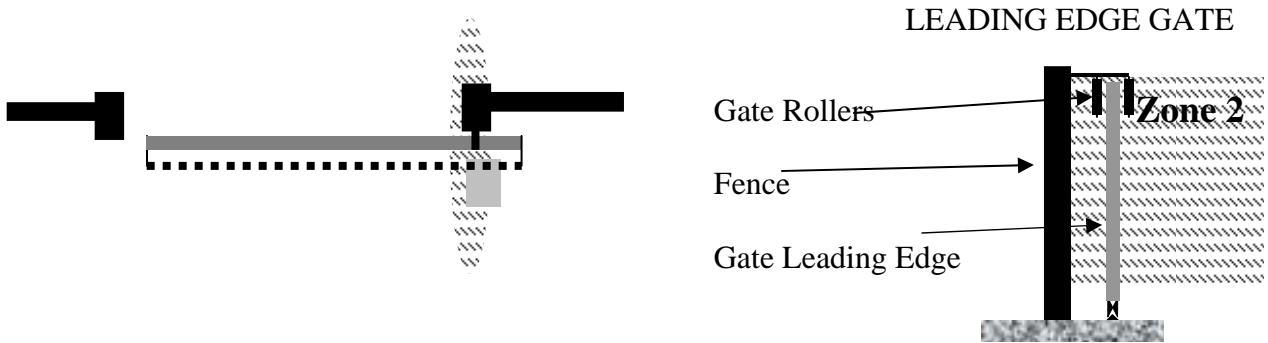
SAFETY SECTION

Remedies for Safety Concerns

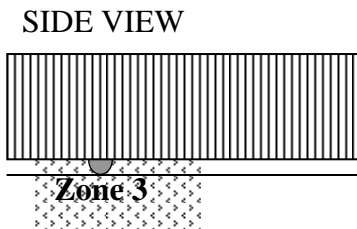
Zone 1 Safety edges and photo electric eyes are the most common types of protection available.



Zone 2 A safety edge may also be utilized here but the best remedy is to eliminate pinch points when designing the gate. Most injuries at this point result from negligence, such as reaching through the gate to activate a button, key switch, etc., or riding the gate open.



Zone 3 This area is best protected with proper gate construction and installation. Care must be taken to minimize the exposed wheel to track area. A photo-eye or contact edge might also work in this area depending on your gate construction.



See Safety section page 19 under installation a.) 3 and a.)4 for more information.

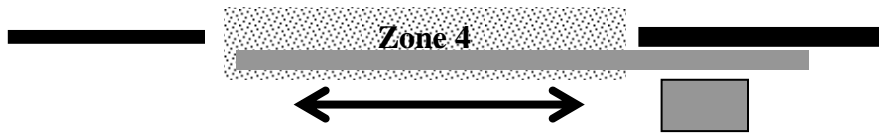
NOTE: All control stations should be located at least 6 feet from any moving part of the gate or operator.

Never install any control device where a user will be tempted to reach through the gate or fence to activate a gate.

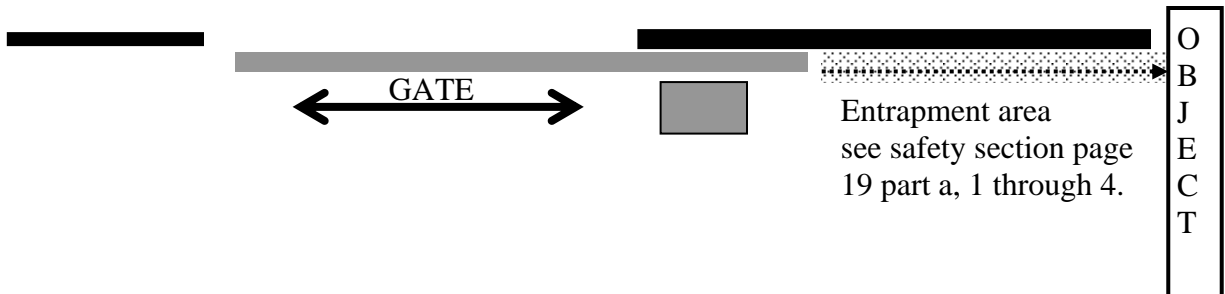
SAFETY SECTION

Remedies for Safety Concerns

Zone 4 This area is best protected with a photo eye or contact edge wired to the secondary entrapment input or safety loop input, depending on the desired function of the safety device. The beam should be installed parallel to the gate and extend across the drive area to prevent the gate from closing or opening on an object in the path of the gate. If the intent of the beam is to prevent the gate from closing when an object is present, wire the photo eye to safety loop input on the control board.



Zone 5 Safety edges and photo eyes are the most common types of protection available. The safety device used should be wired to the secondary entrapment input.



Every installation is unique and it is the installer's responsibility to recognize and remedy all safety concerns. Please consult a qualified dealer or the factory for a complete explanation of the remedies shown above and additional tips pertaining to your installation.

MONTHLY SERVICE

All gate operators require periodic checking and adjustments by a qualified technician of the control mechanism for force (load), speed and sensitivity. All external accessories and secondary safety devices must be checked. Secondary safety devices need to be checked at least once a month for proper operation.

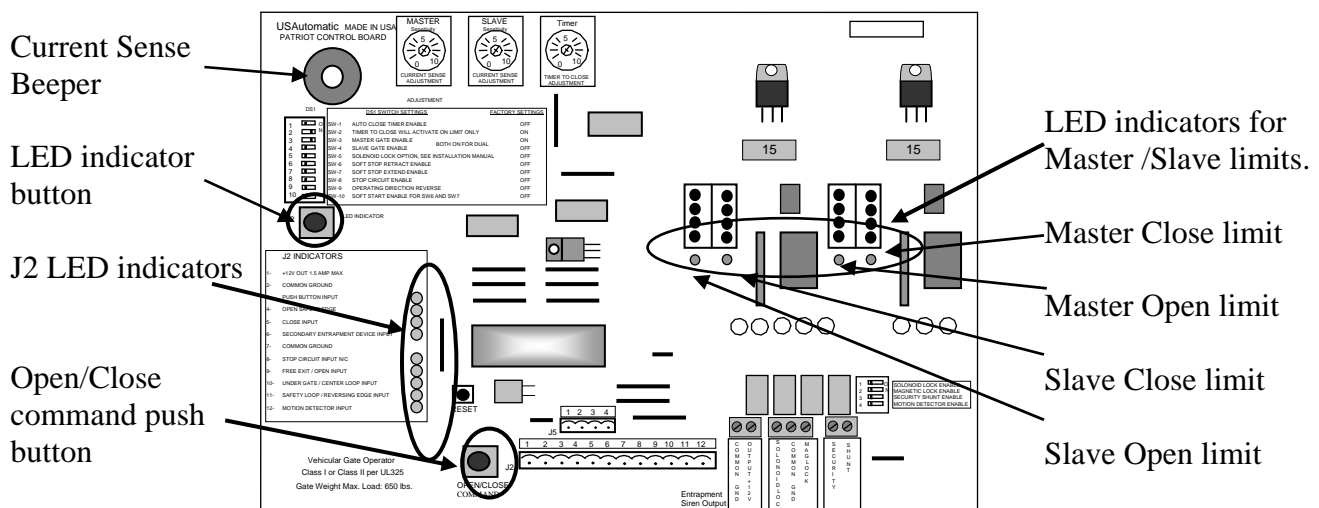
Periodic checking is also advised for the following:

1. Battery cells water level. (use distilled water if needed) Gel batteries are recommended
2. Wheels and gate rollers for wear – grease if necessary.
3. Check bolts and sprocket set screws for correct tightness.
4. Inspect weld points for cracks or other defects.
5. Inspect wiring for cuts, nicks or other defects.
6. Inspect drive chain and sprockets for tension and wear. Adjust or replace as necessary.
7. Amount of time to open or close the gate. This will be first indication of a battery or charging problem.

Troubleshooting Introduction

The USAutomatic control board is equipped with three unique features to assist in troubleshooting a gate system.

1. The first and most helpful is the series of LED indicating lights. These lights will help to identify problems with the limit switches and all control circuits. To use the indicators, press and hold the LED indicator button on the control board. (The lights are not active at all times to save battery life). Any circuits or limit switches that are activated will be identified by the illumination of the adjacent LED indicating light.
2. The second feature to assist in troubleshooting is the current sense beeper. The beeper will sound anytime the current sense circuit is activated. This is useful in detecting a false reverse due to an improper or too sensitive current reverse setting or a gate that is requiring excessive force to move.
3. The third feature to assist in troubleshooting is the on board open/close command pushbutton. This button makes it possible to operate the gate with the twelve terminal accessory wiring plug removed, without having to short across terminal pins.



TROUBLESHOOTING SECTION

OUTLINE

- 1 My slide gate operator will not operate.
- 2 My gate opens/closes slowly.
- 3 Emergency release knob cannot be pulled.
- 4 I can hear gate operator running but my gate is not moving.
- 5 Gate operates slowly when opening or closing, may stop before cycle is complete.
- 6 My gate will not automatically close.
- 7 Gate begins to open or close but stops and reverses after a couple of seconds.
- 8 Gate opening or closing stops and reverses direction and then stops and will not operate.
- 9 Gate opens or closes correctly then immediately reverses direction.
- 10 Gate closes then opens back up in 10 seconds or more, auto close timer is on.
- 11 Control board 15 amp fuse blows when open/close command is given.
- 12 Remote/Transmitter will not operate the gate. (Multi-Code/Digi-Code and Low Current Receiver Models)
- 13 Oracle Remote/Transmitter will not operate the gate.
- 14 Photo eye, safety loop or other safety accessory will not reverse the gate when closing.
- 15 Pressing the "RESET" button only, causes the gate to operate.
- 16 Gate opens using transmitter, but will not close using transmitter (low current receiver only)
- 17 Gate only operates when the "LED INDICATOR" is pressed.

Terms and Definitions

- LED - Light emitting diode, small red lights on control board.
- Control board- Located inside the metal box just above the battery.
- Receiver - Located inside the metal box in the upper right corner, coax cable connected to it.
- Remote/
Transmitter - Hand held push button, which is used to operate the gate, sends signal to receiver.
- Harness - Wire bundle connected to the control board, limit switch plate and motor.
- Connector - Control board has three types of connectors. Two white 8-pin connectors (X1 and X2) are used to connect actuator to control board and one green 12-pin connector (J2) (located bottom center of control board) to connect receiver and accessories to control board. Both are plug type and can be disconnected (unplugged from control board) without disconnecting wires.
- Dip Switches - Small switches, which are located on the control board in two places. The primary set DS1 is located in the upper left corner and the secondary set DS2 are located in the lower right corner of the control board with functions listed beside each. See manual (page 16, 17) for more information. Open position is off or switch not closed.
- Push Buttons - Three are located on the control board. "Open/Close command" used to operate the gate, "Led Indicator" used to activate the leds and the "Reset" used to reset the control board after current sensing twice before a limit is reached.
- Limit Cam Nut
- Locking Plate – Located on top of the operator; holds the two limit switches and also holds the limit cam nuts in their adjusted position.
- Limit Cam Nut - Two limit cam nuts are located on the top of the operator; the limit nut locking plate is spring-loaded and must be depressed before adjusting the limit cam nut. After limit cam nut has been adjusted, make certain that the limit nut locking plate fully engages the limit cam nut to keep it from rotating.
- Gate Chain - This is the long chain connected to the gate and travels through the operator.
- Drive Chain - This is the short chain that connects the gear motor to the manual release shaft.

1. Slide gate operator will not operate:

- STEP 1 Remove control box cover. Locate the “Open/Close Command” push button and press it to operate the gate.
- STEP 2 Press the “Reset” push button located above the open close command, then push the “Open/Close Command” push button to operate the gate.
- STEP 3 When pressing the “Open/Close Command” push button, listen for a clicking sound. If click is heard then verify: The 15-amp fuse located on the control board is good. If not, replace it using the spare located on the control board. Also check the dipswitches (3 and 4) for correct switch settings based on where the harness is connected to the control board (Master or Slave). If switches and fuse are good and clicking sound is heard, the battery needs to be load tested to determine its condition. Charge or replace depending on results. Try connecting jumper cables from your 12vdc vehicle’s battery to the gate operator’s battery as a quick battery test.
- STEP 4 Press and hold the “LED Indicator” push button and observe all of the red LED’s (see page 23 for location):
- If the two limit LED’s located below the actuator plug are both on, the operator will not operate. Verify that only one or no limit LED’s are on. If both limit LED’s are on adjust limit cam nuts to the correct location.
 - If any of the LED’s in the lower left corner of the control board are on then this must be corrected. Locate the accessory, which is activated, and repair or replace. Disconnecting this device will allow the operator to work, without the disconnected accessory function.
- STEP 5 Disconnect the green J2 connector. Once disconnected, press the “Open/Close Command” button. If gate operates, go to step 4 b above.
- STEP 6 Verify that DS1 switch 8 is off.
- STEP 7 Disconnect the wiring harness connector plugged into the control board (Master or Slave). Reconnect the wiring harness connector to the control board in the other connector (Slave or Master.) Locate the DS1 dipswitches on the control board. Reverse the position of switches 3 and 4. Press the “Open/Close Command” button and verify if the gate operates.

Note: Make sure there is a known good fuse in the side of the board the harness is plugged into.

- STEP 8 Call the factory for more information if the above steps have not worked.

2. My gate opens/closes slowly:

NOTE: When the gate is running slow the reason is low battery voltage. Two things need to be considered. Battery condition (replace or charge) and what caused the battery to become discharged.

- STEP 1 Determine which situation your operator falls into below:

Solar charged: ensure that you have a 33 amp hour minimum maintenance free battery lead acid, GEL or AGM installed and if accessories are connected (keypads, loop detectors, any device powered by the battery) verify that the current draw needed to power them does not exceed the charging power of the solar panel. Verify that charge controller leads are connected to the battery correctly; panel is facing a Southwestern direction and is not located in a completely shaded area. Inspect panel surface and wires for damage.

Test solar panel for correct voltage and current output. Disconnect charge controller wires from battery. Using a DC voltmeter, measure the dc voltage (should measure about 22 volts) and the dc current (should read about 225 ma or more) in the peak sun period. If either of these readings is incorrect the panel may be defective please call the factory. Reconnect panel to charge controller.

If none of the above check bad, replace all ring terminals connected to the battery that are possibly corroded. If problem persists then remove battery and have it load tested at a battery shop. Replace if bad.

AC charged; ensure that you have a 33 amp hour maintenance free lead acid, GEL or AGM battery. If accessories are connected (keypads, loop detectors, any device powered by the battery) verify that the current draw needed to power them does not exceed the charging power of the charger. Verify that charger leads are connected to the battery correctly; charger is connected to a working approved 110 VAC receptacle. Inspect charger and wires for damage.

NOTE: The USAutomatic multi stage charger does not output any voltage or current when disconnected from the battery. You cannot check charger by disconnecting from battery and measuring voltage output. To check charger output disconnect from battery, measure battery voltage and note voltage reading. Reconnect charger and monitor battery voltage. It should rise above the battery voltage noted above.

- STEP 2 The charger has LED indicators (lights) on the faceplate, observe the charger LED’s that are on or not and refer to the troubleshooting directions furnished with the charger for definitions of different charger LED indicators.

- STEP 3 If none of the above check bad then remove battery and have it load tested at a battery shop. Replace if bad.

3. Emergency release knob cannot be pulled:

STEP 1 If the emergency release knob cannot be pulled, first verify that it is not already pulled by trying to roll the gate. If gate will not move, try to pull the emergency release knob while agitating the gate (shake gate in direction of travel).

STEP 2 Emergency release knob that is difficult to pull represents something is in a bind. Check the gate wheels and guide rollers. Verify the chain is on all the rollers and not twisted or overly tight.

NOTE: DO NOT ATTEMPT TO MODIFY ANY SCREWS ON THE DRIVE SHAFT.

4. I can hear gate operator running but my gate is not moving:

STEP 1 The most likely cause is the emergency manual release knob is pulled out. To correct, open the emergency release cover and push knob in, it may be necessary to roll the gate while pushing the knob in. The knob must be pushed in all the way and it may be necessary to remove the cover to verify. When fully pushed in the space between the plastic safety disk and the shaft collar should be about ¼”.

STEP 2 Other causes could be the gate chain is disconnected, the drive chain on the gear motor is disconnected or one of the sprockets is freewheeling. Identify any of these by removing the cover and inspecting and correct as necessary.

5. Gate operates slowly when opening or closing, may stop before cycle is complete:

NOTE: When the gate is running slow the reason is low battery voltage, two things need to be considered. Battery condition needs to be checked by a load test (replace or charge) and determine what caused the battery to become discharged.

STEP 1 Determine which situation your operator falls into below:

Solar charged, ensure that you have a deep cycle battery installed and if accessories are connected (keypads, loop detectors, any device powered by the battery) verify that the current draw needed to power them does not exceed the charging power of the solar panel. Verify that solar panel leads are connected to the battery correctly; panel is facing a southwest direction and is not located in a shaded area. Inspect panel surface and wires for damage.

Test solar panel for correct voltage and current output, disconnect panel wires from battery and using a DC voltmeter measure the dc voltage (should measure about 22 volts) and the dc current (should read about 250 ma) in the peak sun period. If either of these readings is incorrect, panel may be defective.

If none of the above check bad, then remove battery and have it load tested at a battery shop. Replace if bad.

AC charged, ensure that you have a deep cycle battery rated at a minimum of 33 amp-hour installed. If accessories are connected (keypads, loop detectors, any device powered by the battery) verify that the current draw needed to power them does not exceed the charging power of the charger. Verify that charger leads are connected to the battery correctly; charger is connected to an approved 110 VAC receptacle. Inspect charger and wires for corrosion or damage.

NOTE: The USAutomatic multi stage charger does not output any voltage when disconnected from the battery, you cannot check charger by disconnecting from battery and measuring voltage output. To check charger output disconnect from battery, measure battery voltage and note. Reconnect charger and monitor battery voltage. It should rise above the battery voltage noted previously.

STEP 2 The charger has LED indicators (lights) on the faceplate, observe the leds that are on or not and refer to the troubleshooting directions furnished with the charger for definitions of different LED indicators.

STEP 3 If none of the above check bad then remove battery and have it load tested at a battery shop. Replace if bad.

6. My gate will not automatically close:

NOTE: If DS1 switch 1 is on and switch 2 is off then the gate should automatically close from any position, but if switch 2 is also on, the gate will only automatically close if the “open limit” LED (both “open limit” LED’s for dual gate) is on.

STEP 1 Locate the “Open/Close Command “ push button; press the button to verify that the gate will close. If gate closes correctly then proceed to the steps below.

STEP 2 Verify that DS1 switch 1 is on. If not turn it on and recheck gate operation. If gate remains open continue with step 3.

STEP 3 If your installation is a single gate, then only DS1 switch 3 or 4 can be on. If both are on the gate will not automatically close. Turn off the one that is not being used and recheck gate operation.

STEP 4 Locate the “LED Indicator” push button and depress and hold. While pushing the button inspect the LED indicators located just below the X1, X2 (master, slave) actuator plugs, note which LED’s are on. Read note below.

NOTE: The two LED’s located below the X1, X2 actuator plug when on represent the closure of the limit switch. If the left LED is on then the gate should be in the open position, if the LED on the right is on then the gate should be in the closed position. If DS1 switch 9 (operating direction reverse) is on then this is reversed. If the LED for the open position is not on when the gate is fully opened then the auto close will not work if DS1 switch 2 is on. The limit switches need to be adjusted or DS1 switch 2 needs to be turned off. If gate still remains open, go to step 5.

STEP 5 Locate the “LED Indicator” push button and depress and hold. While pushing the button, inspect the LED indicators located on the control board (lower left corner) and note which ones are on. If any LED’s are on disconnect the green

J2 connector from the control board. Press the “Open/Close Command “ push button to close the gate, and then press the button again to open the gate fully and verify the automatic close is working.

STEP 6 If gate automatically closes correctly, then the accessory connected to the J2 connector that is activated (LED is on) needs to be repaired.

7. Gate begins to open or close but stops and reverses after a couple of seconds.

STEP 1 Remove gate operator cover and locate the Patriot control board. Locate the sensitivity adjustment (see page 12) potentiometer located on the control board. The white center is adjustable and needs to be turned in a clockwise direction.

STEP 2 Normally a setting of 5 will operate most gates. If your gate requires a setting above 6, there is a good chance that your gate has a problem which needs to be corrected. Possible causes are incorrect alignment, something is interfering with the gate, guide rollers are binding, gate not level or the gate chain is too tight. Identify and correct problem.

STEP 3 Other causes could be a safety device connected that is activated. Locate the “LED Indicator” push button and press and hold. Operate the gate and note any LED’s that come on. If any LED comes on, identify the accessory connected to that input and correct the accessory problem.

STEP 4 Contact the factory for further information.

8. Gate opening or closing stops and reverses direction and then stops and will not operate

STEP 1 This is most likely caused by an incorrect sensitivity adjustment. It could also be caused by an obstruction located in the path of the gate.

STEP 2 Open the emergency manual release cover and pull the release knob. Roll the gate fully open and closed to verify that it is rolling freely. If gate is moving freely, then the sensitivity adjustment needs to be checked.

STEP 3 Remove the cover and locate the sensitivity adjustment on the control board. The Master and Slave both need to be checked, even if only one is being used. If the setting is above 6, verify again that the gate will move freely

9. Gate opens or closes correctly, then immediately reverses direction:

STEP 1 This is most likely caused by an incorrect limit switch adjustment which is causing the gate to travel too far and the operator to current sense. The limit switch adjustments are located on the limit plate. Remove the gate operator cover and locate the limit plate and limit cam nuts.

STEP 2 Adjust the limit cam nut so that it is closer to the limit switch for the gate position being worked on. This will cause the limit cam nut to contact the limit switch earlier, which will stop the gate earlier than before. This needs to be done until the gate stops at the desired position. See note below.

STEP 3 It might be necessary to verify limit switch operation. To do this locate the “LED Indicator” push button and hold in. Then depress the limit switch lever and observe the limit LED’s located on the control board. The LED should come on when the limit switch lever is depressed while the “LED Indicator” push button is depressed.

NOTE: If DS1 switch 9 is turned on, then the open and close LED lights are reversed. Open LED represents the closed position and the close LED represents the open position.

STEP 4 If the LED lights will not come on then contact the factory.

10. Gate closes, then opens back up in 10 seconds or more, auto close timer is on

STEP 1 This is most likely caused by an incorrect DS1 switch 9 setting. When standing on the inside of the property and looking out of the gate, which side of the drive is the gate operator installed on? If it is on the right side, then DS1 switch 9 should be in the off position. If operator is on the left side of the drive, then it should be in the on position.

STEP 2 If this does not correct the problem, then the limit wires are connected incorrectly. Locate the limit switches and the orange and white wires connected to them. The white wire should be connected to the switch closest to the gate.

STEP 3 If the gate still operates incorrectly, contact the factory.

11. Control board 15 amp fuse blows when open/close command is given.

STEP 1 Fuses blow primarily for one reason, the gate cannot move. Causes might be something keeping the gate from moving, the gate is trying to move in the wrong direction due to incorrect limit switch setting or there might be a wiring problem.

STEP 2 See problem number 9 above and verify.

STEP 3 Press the “LED Indicator” push button and hold it in. Observe the LED lights and determine if the open limit or close limit LED is on, then determine if the correct LED is on for the gate position.

For example, if the left LED is on, that is the open limit and the gate should be in the open position. The right LED represents the closed position.

See note under problem 9 above.

- STEP 4 If the open limit LED is on and the gate is closed if a command to operate is given, the gate will try to close more which can blow a fuse. If the close limit LED is on and the gate is open, a command to operate will try to open the gate more which can blow a fuse. In either case, the limit switches need to be adjusted and then the cause for them becoming misadjusted needs to be determined.
- STEP 5 Another possible cause is a bad brake on the gear motor. If the brake is on, the motor cannot turn and the fuse will blow. It is possible for low battery voltage to cause this, so the battery needs to be checked. If battery load tested good, then contact the factory.
- STEP 6 If the gear motor brake is the cause, the brake can be disconnected to verify. Please contact factory for further troubleshooting and return information.

12. Transmitter will not operate the gate Multi-Code/Digi-Code and Low Current Receiver models

(Identify radio equipment being used)

- STEP 1 Open the control box and locate the Patriot control board. Locate the “LED Indicator” push button and the “Push Button Input” LED. Push and hold the “LED Indicator” push button, then press the transmitter button and observe the “Push Button Input” LED. The LED should come on while the transmitter button is depressed.

Note: Step 2 for Multi-Code / Digi-Code radio equipment

- STEP 2 If the “Push Button LED” did not come on, make sure that the green J2 connector on the control board is securely connected. Replace the battery in the transmitter and verify that the dipswitches located in the transmitter (above battery) are set identical to the ones located in you receiver. Remove the receiver cover by squeezing the sides and locate the dipswitches inside.

Note: STEP 2a for Low Current Receiver radio equipment

- STEP 2a If the “Push Button Input” LED did not come on in step 1 then make sure that the green J2 connector on the control board is securely connected, replace the battery in the transmitter and verify that the transmitter is programmed to operate the receiver (refer to page 21 “LCR Remote/Transmitter Programming .”)
- STEP 3 If the “Push Button Input” LED in step 1 did come on and the gate did not operate then locate the “Open/Close Command” button located at the bottom center of the Patriot control board. Press the “Open/Close Command” button and note gate operation.
- STEP 4 If the gate did not operate in step 3, verify the 15-amp fuse on the Patriot control board adjacent to the actuator plug being used is not blown, (a fuse can be blown and look good) replacing is the best way to verify fuse is good.
- STEP 5 If the gate did not operate in step 3 and the fuse was good in step 4, most likely a safety accessory connected to the green J2 connector is active. Verify this by depressing the “LED Indicator” push button and observe the LED’s located in the lower left corner of the Patriot control board. If an LED is on, identify the accessory connected to the corresponding J2 connector pin and correct the problem.
- STEP 6 Other possibilities are: the open and close limit LED’s are both on at the same time, adjust limit switches; control board is defective or battery could be too weak to operate the gate. Please call the factory for help identifying the cause.

13. Oracle Remote/Transmitter will not operate the gate

- STEP 1 Press and hold the LED indicator on the control board
- STEP 2 Press the Remote/Transmitter button to operate the gate, the push button input LED on the control board should light. If it does not verify wiring from DFGCU receiver to J5 is not damaged.
- STEP 3 If wiring checked good, verify batteries in remote/transmitter are good. Replace battery if necessary.
- STEP 4 If problem persist refer to page 19 and try “Learning remote/transmitter” again.
- STEP 5 If relearning the remote/transmitter to DFGCU receiver does not correct problem, call factory for help.

14. Photo-eye, safety loop or other safety accessory will not reverse the gate when closing or hold the gate open

- STEP 1 The first thing to check is the accessory wiring. The accessory needs power (+12vdc) wired to battery positive terminal or to J2 pin 1 on the Patriot control board. It also needs ground, which can be wired to the battery or to J2 pin 2 or 7 on the Patriot control board. The other two connections are the “N/O and Common ground”. The common ground can be connected to the battery or to J2 pin 2 or 7 on the Patriot control board. The N/O connection must be connected to J2 pin 11 “Safety Loop / Reversing Edge Input”. If the accessory is connected as described above it should reverse a closing gate or hold a gate open if the accessory is activated.
- STEP 2 Now to determine if the accessory is working correctly and that the Patriot control board is receiving the signal locate the “Led Indicator” push button and the “Safety Loop / Reversing Edge Input” LED (located in the lower left corner of the Patriot control board).
- STEP 3 Press and hold the “LED Indicator” push button and observe the “Safety Loop / Reversing Edge Input” LED. Activate the accessory in question (if photo-eye break the beam) if the accessory is working properly the LED light should

come on when the device is activated. If the device does not turn on the LED then check wiring, J2 connector connection at the Patriot control board. If wiring is good then the accessory is not operating correctly. Repair accessory and retest.

STEP 4 If the “Safety Loop / Reversing Edge Input” led comes on and the gate does not reverse direction when closing, call the factory for other possible causes and return information.

15. Pressing the “RESET” button only, causes the gate to operate

STEP 1 This problem is probably due to a bad receiver. First locate the “LED Indicator” push button on the Patriot control board. Then locate the “Push Button Input” LED located in the lower left corner of the Patriot control board.

STEP 2 Press the “Led Indicator” button and observe the “Push Button Input” LED. If the light comes on then the receiver relay is stuck closed and needs to be repaired or replaced.

STEP 3 If the “Push Button Input” LED does not come on, call the factory for further troubleshooting and return information.

16. Gate opens using transmitter, but will not close using transmitter (low current receiver only)

STEP 1 The problem is most likely the programming of the low current receiver (P2 relay is programmed to latch mode)

STEP 2 On the Patriot control board locate press and hold the “LED Indicator” pushbutton.

STEP 3 Look in the lower left corner of the Patriot control board and note any LED’s that are on.

STEP 4 If the “OPEN INPUT” is on then the receiver (P2) is programmed to latch mode.

STEP 5 Go to page 33 “Resetting receiver P2 relay to momentary mode”

STEP 6 If this does not correct the problem return to troubleshooting section 5 and perform steps 1-6.

STEP 7 If problem is not corrected, call the factory for further troubleshooting.

17. Gate only operates when the “LED INDICATOR” is pressed.

STEP 1 An accessory wiring problem or a bad control board can cause this. This problem can be intermittent and will take a little patience in locating the problem.

STEP 2 Verify that the problem exists when using the “Open /Close Command” on the control board. Press the “Open/Close Command” push button and verify gate will not operate.

STEP 3 Press the “Led Indicator” on the control board and hold then press the “Open/Close Command” push button on the control board. If the gate operates, proceed to step 4.

STEP 4 Remove the J2 accessory-wiring plug from the control board. This connector can be disconnected from the control board by placing a finger under the plug and pulling to remove.

STEP 5 Press the “Open/Close Command” push button and verify gate operation. If gate operates then reconnect the J2 connector and verify gate operation using the “Open/Close Command” push button. If gate fails to operate when the J2 connector is reconnected then the problem is most likely in the accessory wiring. Most likely there is a bad ground connection on the accessory. Verify all wiring on the accessories connected to the J2 connector.

STEP 6 If gate fails to operate when the J2 connector is disconnected, then the control board is most likely the problem. Please contact the factory for further troubleshooting options.

NOTE: Keep in mind that this is an intermittent problem and it might be necessary to try this a few times to verify the problem.

NOTE: If you have a DC volt meter, check the following. Set the gate to the fully open or close position and verify that an open or close limit LED is on when the led indicator is pressed. Take voltage reading on the following J2 connector terminals. Pin 3,4,5,6,8,9,10,11,12. The reading should be 5 vdc. A reading of approximately 2 or 3 vdc indicates a problem. Call the factory for corrective action. This could indicate a bad LED on the corresponding J2 connector pin which can be resolved by removing the LED light from the control board.

Accessory Wiring Information

USAutomatic Patriot gate operators are 12 vdc powered. Solar charged operators do not require 110-vac for proper operation. Accessories that operate at 12 vdc can be connected directly to the control board or the battery. **Proper accessory selection must be made so that the accessories installed do not drain the solar charged operator battery.**

If accessories selected operate at 110-vac, then it will be necessary to have 110-vac power located at the operator control box. Refer to local building codes and have a qualified electrician install the 110-vac power.

Types of Accessories

USAutomatic Patriot control boards are designed to operate with all accessories. Understanding the control board inputs and the desired operation of each accessory is essential when designing the gate operator system.

Safety Accessories

(Primarily used to keep gate from operating when an object is in the gate path)

Safety Loops –
Photo Eyes –
Motion Detector –

Secondary Entrapment Accessories

(Primarily used to protect objects from becoming trapped in and around the gate area)

Contact Edge (wireless) –
Contact Edge (wired) –
Photo Eyes –

Convenience Accessories

Keypads –
Free Exit Device Magnetic Sensor –
Free Exit Device Photo Eye –
Card Reader -
Single Button Station –
Key Switch –
Seven-Day Timer –
Long Range Receiver and Remote/Transmitter -

Security Accessories

Magnetic Lock –
Solenoid Lock –
Stone Lock -
Perimeter Security Proximity Sensor –

Other Accessories

3 Button Station –
Gate Open Indicator –
Gate In Motion Indicator Visual –
Gate In Motion Indicator Audible –

Accessory Wiring

Before wiring accessories to the Patriot control board remove the actuator connector plug from the control board. This will disconnect power from the unit while wiring. Refer to the installation instructions provided with the accessory being installed.

Typically, the accessory will have 4 wires that we need to be concerned with (this can vary depending on the manufacturer). These 4 wires can be divided into 2 groups.

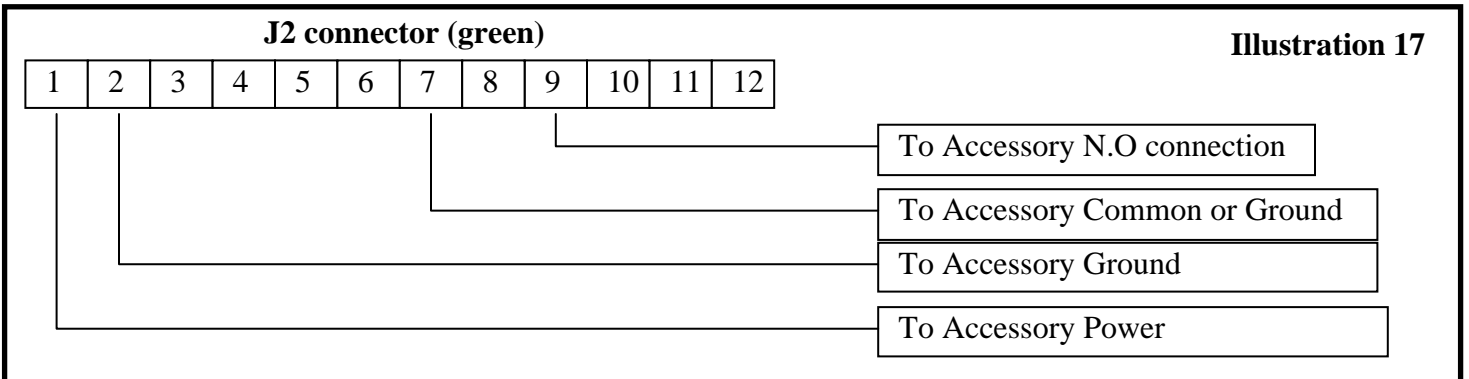
First group consisting of 2 wires are the power wires – voltage connection and ground

Second group consisting of 2 wires are the control wires- N/O connection and common ground or ground

The power connection on the Patriot control board should be made at J2 pin 1. This output is protected with an auto resetting 1.5-amp fuse. If the total current draw of all accessories exceeds 1.5 amps, then it will be necessary to connect directly to the battery for additional current.

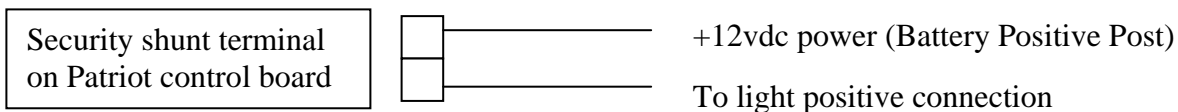
The common, common ground or ground connection on the Patriot control board is located on the J2 connector (green) pin numbers 2 and 7. In addition, the J1 pin 2 and J4 pin 2 terminals located beside the J2 connector each have a ground connection. These are clearly marked on the control board. The battery ground or – post can also be used if needed.

The N/O connection on the accessory will be made to the J2 connector (green) pin, which performs the desired function. For example (Illustration 17) if installing a device with the desired function of opening the gate when the accessory is activated then it connects to J2 pin 9. If the desired function is to reverse a gate that is closing when activated then J2 pin 11. Refer to page 15 of this manual to understand J2 inputs and correct pin connections.



The Patriot control board has 3 outputs that can be used to perform multiple functions. They are: the “Security Shunt”, “Solenoid lock” and the “Magnetic lock” outputs. For any of these to operate the appropriate DS2 dipswitch must be turned on. See page 17 for DS2 location and functions.

Security Shunt: A dry contact switch that is closed anytime the gate is not closed. A proximity switch, such as the type installed in a security system to activate an alarm if the contact is broken, could be wired here. If the gate is opened by an intended signal the security shunt switch closes and prevents the alarm system from activating. If the gate were forced open, then the alarm would be activated. Security shunt can also be used to power +12-volt dc equipment. If the desired function is to have something turned on when the gate is not closed, for example, a gate open indicator light; the security shunt would be wired as below.



The light’s ground connection can be made directly to the battery negative post. Light will come on when the gate is not closed. This can also be used to power a Photo Eye in solar applications to reduce battery drain.

Security Shunt – Used to control a Photo-Eye

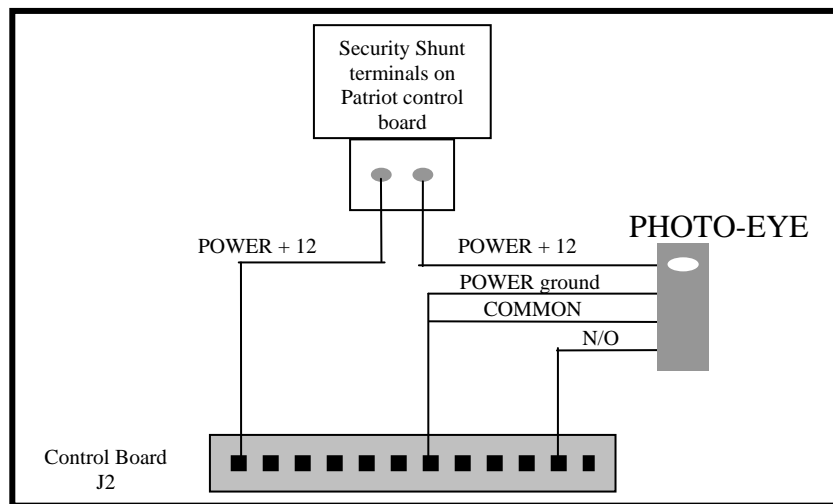
If installing a photo-eye on a solar gate operator, the standby current draw of the photo-eye will drain the battery. The Patriot control board is designed to control the photo-eye to avoid this common problem. The Patriot control board will only apply dc power to the photo-eye when the gate is not closed, if wired as follows.

NOTE: Do not hold the gate open when using this feature to control the photo-eye +12 vdc power. Remember that the photo-eye will be powered up when the gate is not closed. If the gate is open the power is on. Contact the factory for more information.

The photo-eye should have 4 wires that need to be identified:

- 1 +12 vdc power
- 2 Ground
- 3 N/O or Normally Open
- 4 Common or common ground

After wiring as shown below locate the DS2 dipswitches on the Patriot control board (see page 17) and turn on the security shunt circuit enable dipswitch.



Accessory Wiring

The +12 vdc output is protected with a 1.5 amp auto-resetting fuse.

Solenoid Lock – This is a +12 vdc output that can output +12 volts two different ways.

1. If DS2 switch 1 is turned “on” and DS1 switch 5 is “OFF,” the +12 vdc will come on a half second before the gate begins to open after activation. Once the gate begins to move, the output will go to 0 volts in 4 seconds.
2. The other option is to turn DS2 switch 1 and DS1 switch 5 on. With this setting the solenoid lock output will be +12 vdc a half second before the gate begins to move and remain at +12 vdc until 3 seconds after the gate has stopped on a limit. For example, this can be used to turn on a gate in motion siren or light.

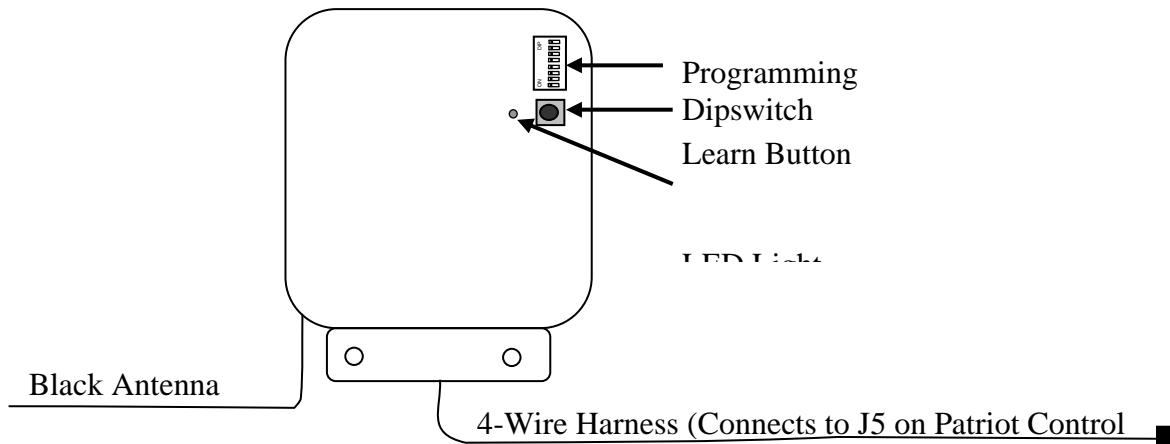
Magnetic Lock – This is a +12 vdc output.

Whenever the gate reaches the closed limit the +12 vdc will be present and remain until the gate is activated to open. The +12 vdc output will be turned “off” one half second before the gate begins to open.

STEP 16 RADIO EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION AND PROGRAMMING

STEP 16a Oracle Enabled Operators

Location of parts in Oracle Dual Frequency Gate Control Unit (“DFGCU”)



DFGCU Programming Dipswitches

All dipswitches should remain in the off position. If the gate needs to be set for latch open, set feature as follows.

Switch 6 – Enable Latch Mode for output 2

<i>Off</i>	<i>No action</i>	<i>Factory Default</i>
On	Latch Mode Enabled	

STEP 16b Oracle DFGCU and Remote/Transmitter Programming

The key fob and the Futura remote/transmitter supplied with the operator transmit on 315 MHz. If installing a Futura Pro remote/transmitter or other Oracle equipment working on 900MHz, please refer to Oracle documentation.

For HomeLink or other automobile transmitter programming, see your vehicle manual or dealer.

Learning Remote/Transmitter (Key fob or Futura) – 315 MHz

- On the DFGCU, press and hold the learn button down until the red LED light is on solid
- Release the learn button and press the learn button again
 - When the red LED light starts flashing rapidly, release the learn button
- Press the remote/transmitter button you wish to learn to the gate operator
 - Multiple remote/transmitters can be programmed one after the other in quick succession
- Once all devices are programmed, wait 10 seconds for the red LED light to double blink four times to signify exiting learn mode

Total Remote/Transmitter Memory Deletion for Key Fob or Futura – 315 MHz

- On the DFGCU, press and hold the learn button down until the LED is on solid
- Release the learn button and press the learn button again
- Hold the learn button down for 8 seconds or until the red LED light goes steady
- Release the learn button
- The red LED light will double blink four times to signify exiting learn mode

Latch Mode for DFGCU

Turn the DFGCU dipswitch #6 on to enable latch mode for output 2.

To latch the gate open, the gate must be in either the fully open or fully closed position. If the gate is closed, press and hold the remote/transmitter button used to operate the gate down until the gate is fully open. Once the gate stops moving, release the remote/transmitter button.

If the gate is open, press and hold the remote/transmitter button used to operate the gate down. The gate should start to close. Keep holding the button down and the gate will stop and reverse to the fully open position. Once the gate stops moving, release the remote/transmitter button.

Release Gate from Latch Open Condition

Press and hold the remote/transmitter button used to operate the gate down for 8 seconds. Then wait for close timer to close gate or press the remote/transmitter a second time to manually close the gate.

A command from any Oracle Pro 900 MHz devices installed on the system will release latch mode as well.. 900 MHz devices include: Futura Pro remote/transmitters, push to exit buttons, GAPs, Mini Gaps or wireless keypads.

Programming Other Oracle Devices To DFGCU

Refer to the programming instructions supplied with your Oracle product for programming instructions.

Step 11 Programming Transmitter and Receiver (model 433DSR2LC)

The Transmitter and Receiver provided operate at 433 MHz. Receiver can store up to 22 unique transmitter codes.

Transmitter Setup: (It is recommended that the dipswitches be changed from the default setting)

1. Open the battery compartment door and locate the dipswitches.
2. Change the dipswitches to the settings you prefer. Record for future reference.

Transmitter Left Button to Receiver Programming: (standard Open/Stop/Close function)

1. Press and **hold** the left transmitter button down. Red light on transmitter should be on.
2. On the receiver, push the P1 push-button until the green LD light comes on.
3. Release both buttons. Transmitter left button to receiver programming is complete.

Transmitter Right Button to Receiver Programming: (Hold-Gate-Open) (Only if auto close timer is enabled)

The 2-channel receiver allows for programming the P2 relay from momentary mode (default) to latching mode. Transmitter right button can then be programmed to hold the gate open, over-riding the auto-close feature.

1. Press and **hold** the right transmitter button down. Red light on transmitter should be on.
2. On the receiver, push the P2 push-button until the green LD light comes on.
3. Release both buttons. Transmitter right button to receiver programming is complete.

Receiver Programming: Relay P2 programming from momentary to latching mode (to hold gate open)

1. On the receiver, push the P2 push-button until the green LD light comes on, then release. Green LD light should be steady.
2. While the green LD light is on, push the P1 push-button down and release. Green LD light should be flashing. Latching mode is set.

Verifying Receiver P2 relay is programmed to latching mode:

1. On the receiver, push the P2 push-button until the green LD light comes on, then release.
2. Green LD light should be flashing. If the green LD light is steady, redo the Receiver Programming section above.

Resetting receiver P2 relay to momentary mode:

1. On the receiver, push the P2 push-button until the green LD light comes on, then release. Green LD light should be flashing.
2. While the LD light is flashing, push the P1 push-button down and release. Green LD light should be steady. Momentary mode is set.

Erasing Single Transmitter from Receiver Memory:

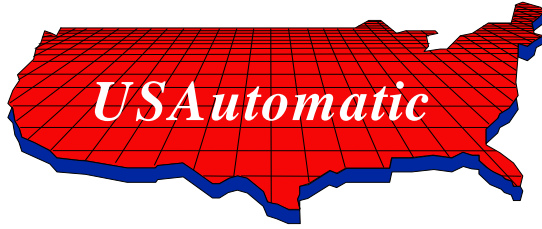
The dipswitch settings of the transmitter to delete must be known. If known follow the steps below.

1. Set the dipswitches in a transmitter to match the switch settings of the transmitter code to delete.
2. Press and **hold** the left transmitter button.
3. On the receiver, push the P1 push-button until the green LD light comes on. Then release both.
4. Press and **hold** the right transmitter button.
5. On the receiver, push the P2 push-button until the green LD light comes on. Then release both.
6. Transmitter is now erased from receiver memory.

Erasing all Transmitters from Receiver Memory:

1. Press the P2 button on the receiver until the green LD light comes on. Then release P2 button.
2. While LD light is on press the P1 and P2 buttons simultaneously and hold until the green LD light begins to blink slowly. It should blink 4 times then all transmitter codes are erased.

Contact the factory for advanced programming options.



PATRIOT RSL
Slide Gate Operator
Limited 5 Year Warranty

The PATRIOT RSL Slide Gate Operator is warranted to be free of defects in materials or workmanship for a period of 5 years from date of purchase on the electronic control board and 36 months on all other components. Any part, parts, or complete unit found to be defective within this period would, at the manufacturer's option, be repaired or replaced at no charge if returned freight prepaid. New or factory rebuilt replacement parts are warranted for the remaining portion of the original warranty period. The manufacturer will pay for standard ground freight on the return of the repaired or replaced items under this warranty. The manufacturer will not be responsible for field service or labor charges incurred in the removal or replacement of defective parts. Furthermore, the manufacturer will not be responsible for incidental or consequential damages.

This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties expressed or implied and shall be considered void if damage was due to improper use or installation, connection to an improper power source, or if caused by fire, flood, lightning and other acts of nature, or by vehicles or vandalism.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may have other rights, which vary from state to state. Some states do not allow limitations or exclusions of implied warranties so these may not apply to you.

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Model: _____ Date of Purchase: _____
Serial #: _____ Purchased from: _____
Name: _____
Address: _____
City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____

* Serial number can be found by removing cover and looking on control board.